## **Product Data Sheet**

## PE anti-GATA3

Catalog # / Size: 3869015 / 25 tests

3869020 / 100 tests

**Clone:** 16E10A23

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG2b, κ

Immunogen: Partial human GATA3 recombinant

protein (1-258 aa).

Reactivity: Human, Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with PE under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE and

unconjugated antibody.

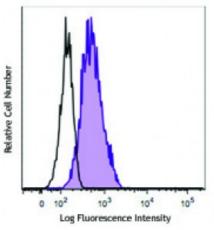
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

each application.

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human T leukemia cell line Jurkat (filled histogram) or Burkitt's lymphoma cell line Ramos (open histogram) was treated with BioLegend Nuclear Factor Fixation and Permeabilization Buffer Set (Cat. No. 422601), and then stained with GATA3 (clone 16E10

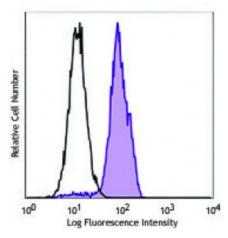
## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by intracellular immunofluorescent staining using our nuclear factor staining protocol. For immunofluorescent staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for



Murine Th2 cell line D10.G4.1 (filled histogram) and B lymphoma cell line A20 (open histogram) were treated with BioLegend Nuclear Factor Fixation and Permeabilization Buffer Set (Cat. No. 422601), and then stained with GATA3 (clone 16E10A23) PE.

**Description:** GATA3 functions as a major regulator of T helper 2 (Th2) cell differentiation in

immune cells. GATA3 expression is upregulated through IL-4 receptor signaling or the Notch-mediated pathway, which results in production of IL-4, IL-5, and IL-13 cytokines, responsible for preferential differentiation of Th2-cells. GATA3 has been shown to regulate early developmental processes of T cells, such as T cell

commitment, positive selection, and post-commitment CD4<sup>+</sup> T cell survival. In the

mammary gland, GATA3 plays an important role in differentiation and

commitment of luminal epithelial cells. In a mouse model, exogenous expression of GATA3 in undifferentiated breast carcinoma cells induces differentiation and suppresses spreading of the tumor cells, suggesting that GATA3 is involved in preventing malignancy of breast cancer. GATA3 has been reported to be essential in the development of a variety of normal tissues. Defect in GATA3 results in hypoparathyroidism, sensorineural deafness, and renal dysplasia (HDR syndrome).

## Antigen References:

- 1. Yagi R, et al. 2011. Int. Immunol. 23:415.
- 2. Chou J, et al. 2010. J. Cell Physiol. 222:42.
- 3. Ho IC, et al. 2009. Nat. Rev. Immunol. 9:125.
- 4. Rothenberg EV, et al. 20