## **Product Data Sheet**

## PE anti-human IL-17A

**Catalog** # / 3161530 / 100 tests

**Size:** 3161525 / 25 tests

Clone: BL168

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Recombinant full length human IL-17A

Reactivity: Human

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with PE under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE

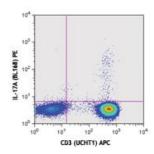
and unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



PMA (50 ng/ml) + ionomycin (1 microg/ml)-stimulated (6 hours + monensin, 2  $\mu$ M) human peripheral blood lymphocytes were fixed and permeabilized and then stained with CD3 (UCHT1) APC and antihuman IL-17A (BL168) PE.

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by intracellular immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. **Test size** 

products are transitioning from 20 microL to 5 microL per test. Please check your vial or your CoA to find the suggested use of this reagent per million cells in 100 microL staining volume or per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

**Description:** IL-17A is the founding member of the IL-17 family, a group of six structurally

related pro-inflammatory cytokines. IL-17A, secreted by activated CD4<sup>+</sup> Th17 cell subpopulation, elicits multiple biological activities on a variety of cells including: the induction of IL-6, IL-8, G-CSF, and PGE2 production in epithelial, endothelial or fibroblasts; the enhancement of surface expression of ICAM-1 in fibroblasts; activation of NF-κB and costimulation of T cell proliferation. Recent studies demonstrated that, in mice, activated IL-17-secreting CD4<sup>+</sup> helper T cells (Th17 cells) mediate an autoimmune arthritis that clinically and immunologically resembles rheumatoid arthritis (RA). Human IL-17A shows 63%, 63%, and 72% amino acid sequence identity to rat IL-17A, mouse IL-17A, and a protein encoded by the ORF13 gene of herpesvirus Saimiri (HVS),

respectively.

Antigen References:

1. Hirota K, et al. 2007. J. Exp. Med. 204:41.

2. Furuzawa-Carballeda J, et al. 2007. Autoimmun. Rev. 6:169.

3. Witowski J, et al. 2007. Kidney Int. 71:514.

4. Gaffen SL. et al.