Product Data Sheet

Pacific Blue™ anti-mouse IFN-γ

Catalog # / Size: 3129090 / 100 μg

3129085 / 25 µg

Clone: XMG1.2 Isotype: Rat IgG1, κ

Immunogen: E. coli-expressed, recombinant mouse

IFN-γ

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

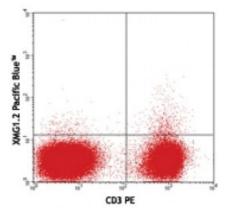
chromatography, and conjugated with Pacific Blue™ under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated

Pacific Blue™.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



PMA and Ionomycin-stimulated (6hrs) BALB/c splenocytes stained with XMG1.2 Pacific Blue™ and CD3

PΕ

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by intracellular

immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 1.0 microg per 10^6 cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

* Pacific Blue™ has a maximum emission of 455 nm when it is excited at 405 nm. Prior to using Pacific Blue™ conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

Application Notes:

ELISA^{1-4,11,14} **or ELISPOT5 Detection:** The biotinylated XMG1.2 antibody is useful as a detection antibody for a sandwich ELISA or ELISPOT assay, when used in conjunction with purified R4-6A2 antibody (Cat. No. 505702/505706) as the capture antibody and recombinant mouse IFN- γ (Cat. No. 575309) as the standard.

ELISA or ELISPOT Capture: The purified XMG1.2 antibody is useful as a capture antibody for a sandwich ELISA or ELISPOT assay, when used in conjunction with biotinylated R4-6A2 antibody (Cat. No. 505704) as the detection antibody and recombinant mouse IFN- γ (Cat. No. 575309) as the standard. The LEAF purified antibody is suggested for ELISPOT capture (Cat. No. 505812).

Flow Cytometry^{7,8,12,13,16}: The fluorochrome-labeled XMG1.2 antibody is useful for intracellular immunofluorescent staining and flow cytometric analysis to identify IFN- γ -producing cells within mixed cell populations.

Neutralization^{1-3,9,10}: The XMG1.2 antibody can neutralize the bioactivity of natural or recombinant IFN-γ. The LEAF[™] purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/μg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for neutralization of mouse IFN-γ bioactivity *in vivo* and *in vitro* (Cat. No. 505812). For *in vivo* studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF[™] purified antibody (Cat. No. 505834) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF[™] purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/microg).

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western blotting, immunohistochemical staining of frozen tissue sections^{6,22,23}, and immunocytochemistry.

Note: For testing mouse IFN-γ in serum, plasma or supernatant, BioLegend's ELISA Max™ Sets (Cat. No. 430801 to 430806) are specially developed and recommended.

Application References:

- 1. Abrams J, et al. 1992. Immunol. Rev. 127:5. (ELISA, Neut)
- 2. Sander B, et al. 1993. J. Immunol. Meth. 166:201. (ELISA, Neut)
- 3. Abrams J, et al. 1995. Curr. Prot. Immunol. John Wiley and Sons, New York. Unit 6.20. (ELISA, Neut)
- 4. Yang X, et al. 1993. J. Immunoassay 14:129. (ELISA)
- 5. Klinman D, et al. 1994. Curr. Prot. Immunol. John Wiley and Sons, New York. Unit 6.19. (ELISPOT)
- 6. Sander B, et al. 1991. Immunol. Rev. 119:65. (IHC)
- 7. Ferrick D, et al. 1995. Nature 373:255. (FC)
- 8. Ko SY, et al. 2005. J. Immunol. 175:3309. (FC) PubMed
- 9. Peterson KE, et al. 2000. J. Virol. 74:5363. (Neut)
- 10. DeKrey GK, et al. 1998. Infect. Immun. 66:827. (Neut)
- 11. Dzhagalov I, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:2113. (ELISA)
- 12. Lawson BR, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:5366. (FC)
- 13. Lee JW, et al. 2006. Nature Immunol. 8:181. (FC) PubMed
- 14. Xu G, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 179:5358. (ELISA) PubMed
- 15. Montfort M, et al. 2004. J. Immunol. 173:4084. PubMed
- 16. Haring JS, et al. 2008. J. Immunol. 180:2855. (FC) PubMed
- 17. Jordan JM, et al. 2008. Infect Immun. 76:3717. PubMed
- 18. Tonkin DR, et al. 2008. J. Immunol. 181:4516. PubMed
- 19. Charles N, et al. 2010. Nat. Med. 16:701. (FC) PubMed
- 20. Cui Y, et al. 2009. Invest. Ophth. Vis. Sci. 50:5811. (FC) PubMed
- 21. Mykkanen OT, et al. 2014. PLoS One. 9:114790. PubMed
- 22. Yokogawa M, et al. 2013. Mol. Carcinog. 52:760. (IHC)
- 23. Mottram PL, et al. 1998. / Immunol. 161:602. (IHC)

Description:

IFN- γ is a potent multifunctional cytokine which is secreted primarily by activated NK cells and T cells. Originally characterized based on anti-viral activities, IFN- γ also exerts anti-proliferative, immunoregulatory, and proinflammatory activities. IFN- γ can upregulate MHC class I and II antigen expression by antigen-presenting cells

Antigen References:

- 1. Fitzgerald K, *et al.* Eds. 2001. The Cytokine FactsBook. Academic Press, San Diego.
- 2. De Maeyer E, et al. 1992. Curr. Opin. Immunol. 4:321.
- 3. Farrar M, et al. 1993. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 11:571