Product Data Sheet

APC anti-mouse/human IL-5

Catalog # / Size:	3121530 / 100 μg 3121525 / 25 μg
Clone:	TRFK5
Isotype:	Rat IgG1, к
Immunogen:	Partially-purified T cell clone supernatant
Reactivity:	Human
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with APC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC and unconjugated antibody.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Concentration:	0.2

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry Each lot of this antibody is guality control tested by intracellular Recommended immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric Usage: staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application. Application ELISA^{1,3,4} or ELISPOT^{2,6} Capture: The purified TRFK5 antibody is useful as a Notes: capture antibody for a sandwich ELISA or ELISPOT assay, when used in conjunction with biotinylated TRFK4 antibody (Cat. No. 504402) as the detection antibody for mouse IL-5, or used in conjunction with biotinylated JES1-5A10 antibody (Cat. No. 501002/501005) as the detection antibody for human IL-5. The LEAF[™] purified antibody is suggested for ELISPOT capture. Flow Cytometry: The fluorochrome-labeled TRFK51 antibody is useful for intracellular immunofluorescent staining and flow cytometric analysis to identify IL-5-producing cells within mixed cell populations. **Neutralization**^{1,9}: The LEAF^m purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for neutralization of human IL-5 bioactivity (Cat. No. 504308). Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western blotting, immunohistochemical staining of formalin-fixed paraffinembedded tissue sections⁸ and paraformaldehyde-fixed, saponin-treated frozen tissue sections⁷, and immunocytochemistry. Note: For testing human IL-5 in serum or plasma, BioLegend's ELISA MAX[™] Sets (Cat. No. 430401 to 430406) are specially developed and recommended. For testing mouse IL-5 in serum, plasma or supernatant, BioLegend's ELISA MAX™ Sets (Cat. No. 431201 to 431206) are specially developed and recommended. Application 1. Abrams, J. 1995. Curr. Prot. Immunol. John Wiley and Sons, New York. Unit 6.20. 2. Klinman, D., et al. 1994. Curr. Prot. Immunol. John Wiley and Sons, New York. **References:**

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4. Abrams, J., *et al.* 1992. *Immunol. Rev.* 127:5.
5. Assenmacher, M., *et al.* 1994. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 24:1097.
6. Karulin, A., *et al.* 2000. *J. Immunol.* 164:1862.
7. Andersson, U., *et al.* 1999. *Detection and quantification of gene expression.* New York:Springer-Verlag.
8. Fan, W. Y., *et al.* 2001. *Exp. Biol. Med.* 226:1045.
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Description: IL-5 is a homodimeric, disulphide-linked protein produced by T-cells. Monomeric human IL-5 is a 126 amino acid protein with a reported molecular weight of 26 kD for the homodimeric protein. Mouse and human IL-5 are approximately 70% identical. IL-5 has been shown to promote the growth of immature hematopoietic BFU-E progenitors, stimulate the activation and differentiation of eosinophils, and promote the generation of cytotoxic lymphocytes. Mouse IL-5 induces the differentiation and proliferation of pre-activated B-cells and stimulates the production and secretion of IgM and IgA by B-cells stimulated with bacterial endotoxin. The TRFK5 antibody can neutralize the bioactivity of natural or recombinant IL-5.

Antigen1. Fitzgerald, K., *et al.* Eds. 2001. The Cytokine FactsBook. Academic Press, SanReferences:Diego.

- 2. Takatsu, K., et al. 1988. Immunol. Rev. 102:107.
- 3. Takatsu, K. 1992. *Curr. Opin. Immunol.* 4:299.
- 4. Takats