### **Product Data Sheet**

#### PE/Dazzle™ 594 anti-mouse IL-4

**Catalog # / Size:**  $3120655 / 25 \mu g$ 

3120660 / 100 µg

**Clone:** 11B11

**Isotype:** Rat IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Partially purified native mouse IL-4

Reactivity: Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

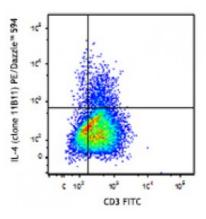
chromatography and conjugated with PE/Dazzle™ 594 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Dazzle™ 594 and

unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

**Concentration:** 0.2



PMA+ionomycin-stimulated (6 hours, in the presence of brefeldin A) Th2-polarized C57BL/6 T cells were surface stained with CD3 FITC and then were intracellularly stained with IL-4 (clone 11B11) PE/Dazzle™ 594 (top), or rat IgG1, κ PE/Dazzle&tr

#### **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by intracellular immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 microg per million cells

in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for

each application.

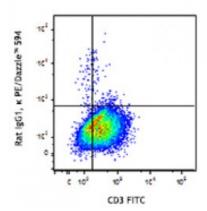
\* PE/Dazzle™ 594 has a maximum excitation of 566 nm and a maximum emission of 610 nm.

Application Notes:

ELISA<sup>1,2,10,13</sup> or ELISPOT5 Capture:

The purified 11B11 antibody is useful as the capture antibody in a sandwich ELISA or ELISPOT assay, when used in conjunction with the biotinylated BVD6-24G2 antibody (Cat. No. 504202) as the detecting antibody and recombinant mouse IL-4 (Cat. No. 575609) as the standard. The LEAF™ purified antibody is suggested for ELISPOT capture.

**Neutralization**<sup>1-2,9,12</sup>: The 11B11 antibody can neutralize the bioactivity of natural or recombinant IL-4. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin



<0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for neutralization of mouse IL-4 bioactivity *in vivo* and *in vitro* (Cat. No. 504108).

# Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunoprecipitation<sup>16</sup>, immunohistochemical staining of formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections<sup>8</sup> and paraformaldehyde-fixed, saponin-treated frozen tissue sections<sup>6,7</sup>, and

immunocytochemistry4.

**Note:** For testing mouse IL-4 in serum, plasma or supernatant, BioLegend's ELISA Max™ Sets (Cat. No. 431101 to 431106) are specially developed and recommended.

## Application References:

- 1. Shirai A, et al. 1994. Cytokine 6:329. (ELISA, Neut)
- 2. Abrams J. 1995. *Curr. Prot. Immunol.* John Wiley and Sons New York. Unit 6.20. (ELISA, Neut)
- 3. Assenmacher M, et al. 1994. Eur. J. Immunol. 24:1097.
- 4. Openshaw P, et al. 1995. J. Exp. Med. 182:1357. (ICC)
- 5. Klinman D, et al. 1994. Curr. Prot. Immunol. John Wiley and Sons New York. Unit 6.19. (ELISA Capture)
- 6. Litton M, et al. 1994. J. Immunol. Methods 175:47. (IHC)
- 7. Andersson U, et al. 1999. Detection and quantification of gene expression. New York: Springer-Verlag. (IHC)
- 8. Fan WY, et al. 2001. Exp. Biol. Med. 226:1045. (IHC)
- 9. Hara M, et al. 2001. J. Immunol. 166:3789. (Neut)
- 10. Dzhagalov I, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:2113. (ELISA)
- 11. Lawson BR, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:5366.
- 12. Wang W, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:4885. (Neut)
- 13. Xu G, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 179:5358. (ELISA) PubMed
- 14. Ohnmacht C, et al. 2008. Blood 113:2816. PubMed
- 15. Charles N, et al. 2010. Nat. Med. 16:701. (FC) PubMed
- 16. Zavorotinskaya T, et al. 2003. Mol. Ther. 7:155. (IP)

#### **Description:**

IL-4 is a pleiotropic cytokine produced by activated T cells, mast cells, and basophils. IL-4 is a potent lymphoid cell growth factor which stimulates the growth and activation of certain B cells and T cells. IL-4 is important for regulation of T helper subset development.

## Antigen References:

- 1. Fitzgerald K, *et al.* Eds. 2001. The Cytokine FactsBook. Academic Press San Diego.
- 2. Boulay J, et al. 1992. Curr. Opin. Immunol. 4:294.
- 3. Dullens H, et al. 1991. In vivo 5:567.
- 4. Paul