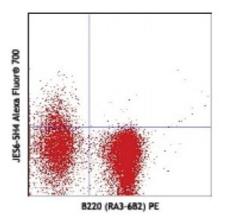
Product Data Sheet

Alexa Fluor® 700 anti-mouse IL-2

Catalog # / Size:	3119090 / 100 μg
Clone:	JES6-5H4
Isotype:	Rat IgG2b, к
Immunogen:	<i>E. coli</i> -expressed, recombinant mouse IL-2
Reactivity:	Mouse
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 700 under optimal conditions.
	conditions.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.



PMA+ionomycin-stimulated C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes (6 hours) stained with B220 (RA3-6B2) PE and intracellularly stained with JES6-5H4 Alexa Fluor® 700

Applications:

Applications:	Flow Cytometry
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by intracellular immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.25 microg per 10^6 cells in 100 microL volume. It is highly recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
	* Alexa Fluor® 700 has a maximum emission of 719 nm when it is excited at 633nm / 635nm. Prior to using Alexa Fluor® 700 conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.
Application Notes:	 ELISA Detection¹⁻³ or ELISPOT Detection⁴⁻⁶: The biotinylated JES6-5H4 antibody is useful as a detection antibody for a sandwich ELISA or ELISPOT assay, when used in conjunction with the purified JES6-1A12 antibody (Cat. No. 503702/503704) as capture antibody and recombinant mouse IL-2 (Cat. No. 575409) as the standard. Flow Cytometry⁸⁻¹⁰: The fluorochrome-labeled JES6-5H4 antibody is useful for intracellular immunofluorescent staining and flow cytometric analysis to identify IL-2 -producing cells within mixed cell populations. Neutralization^{1,7}: The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin in vivo and <i>in vitro</i> (Cat. No. 503812) is recommended for neutralization. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include : immunoprecipitation1, immunohistochemical staining of paraformaldehyde-fixed, saponin-treated frozen tissue sections2, <i>in vivo</i> capture⁷, and immunocytochemistry. Note: For testing mouse IL-2 in serum, plasma or supernatant, BioLegend's ELISA MAX[™] Sets (Cat. No. 431001 to 431006) are specially developed and recommended.
Application	1. Abrams J, <i>et al.</i> 1992. <i>Immunol. Rev.</i> 127:5.

 Application
 1. Abrams J, et al. 1992. Immunol. Rev. 127:5.

 References:
 2. Sander B, et al. 1993. J. Immunol. Meth. 166:201.

	 Abrams J. 1995. <i>Curr. Prot. Immunol.</i> John Wiley and Sons New York. Unit 6.20. Klinman D, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>Curr. Prot. Immunol.</i> John Wiley and Sons New York. Unit 6.19. Mo X, <i>et al.</i> 1995. <i>J. Virol.</i> 69:1288. Karulin A, <i>et al.</i> 2000. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 164:1862. Finkelman F, <i>et al.</i> 2003. <i>Curr. Prot. Immunol.</i> John Wiley & Sons New York. Unit 6.28. Ko SY, <i>et al.</i> 2005. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 175:3309. <u>PubMed</u> Kang SS and Allen PM. 2005. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 178:5366.
Description:	IL-2 is a potent lymphoid cell growth factor which exerts its biological activity primarily on T cells. Additionally, IL-2 has been found to stimulate growth and differentiation of B cells, NK cells, LAK cells, monocytes, and oligodendrocytes.
Antigen References:	1. Fitzgerald K, <i>et al.</i> Eds. 2001. The Cytokine FactsBook. Academic Press San Diego.

- 2. Taniguchi T, et al. 1993. Cell 73:5.
- 3. Nistico G. 1993. Prog. Neurobiol. 40:463.
- 4. Waldmann T, et al.