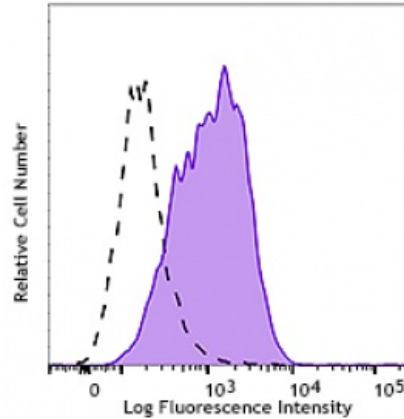


PE anti-human CD133

- Catalog # / Size:** 2570515 / 25 tests
2570520 / 100 tests
- Clone:** S16016E
- Isotype:** Mouse IgG2a, κ
- Immunogen:** Human CD133 Transfectants
- Reactivity:** Human
- Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with PE under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE and unconjugated antibody.
- Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).
- Concentration:** Lot-specific



NCCIT cells were stained with PE anti-human CD133 (clone S16016E; filled histogram) or with PE mouse IgG2a, κ isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

- Applications:** Flow Cytometry
- Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

- Application References:**
1. Yin AH, *et al.* 1997. *Blood*. 90:5002.
 2. Miraglia S, *et al.* 1997. *Blood*. 90:5013.
 3. Bühring HJ, *et al.* 1999. *Ann. NY Acad. Sci.* 872:25.

Description: CD133, also known as Prominin-1 and AC133 antigen, is a 120 kD pentaspan glycoprotein with 5 transmembrane domains. CD133 was initially described as a surface antigen specific for human hematopoietic stem cells and as a marker for murine neuroepithelial cells and some embryonic epithelia. Later on, CD133 was found on other stem cells, including endothelial progenitor cells, glioblastomas, neuronal, and glial stem cells. In addition to stem cells for normal tissue, CD133 was found on cancer cells, such as some leukemia cells and brain tumor cells. Although the biological function of CD133 is not completely understood, CD133 has been extensively used as a stem cell marker for normal and cancerous tissues.

- Antigen References:**
1. Yin AH, *et al.* 1997. *Blood*. 90:5002.
 2. Miraglia S, *et al.* 1997. *Blood*. 90:5013.
 3. Bühring HJ, *et al.* 1999. *Ann. NY Acad. Sci.* 872:25.

