

Purified anti-human CD133

Catalog # / Size: 2570510 / 100 µg
2570505 / 25 µg

Clone: S16016E

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

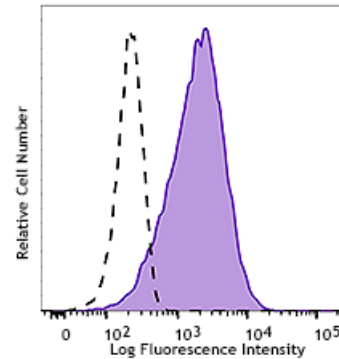
Immunogen: Human CD133 Transfectants

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml



NCCIT cells were stained with purified anti-human CD133 (clone S16016E; filled histogram) or Mouse IgG2a, κ isotype control (open histogram) followed by PE anti-mouse IgG.

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 µg per million cells in 100 µl volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes: In-house testing suggests that clone S16016E blocks clone 293C3 but not clone 7 that are also raised against human CD133

Application References:

1. Yin AH, *et al.* 1997. *Blood.* 90:5002.
2. Miraglia S, *et al.* 1997. *Blood.* 90:5013.
3. Bühring HJ, *et al.* 1999. *Ann. NY*

Description: CD133, also known as Prominin-1 and AC133 antigen, is a 120 kD pentaspan glycoprotein with 5 transmembrane domains. CD133 was initially described as a surface antigen specific for human hematopoietic stem cells and as a marker for murine neuroepithelial cells and some embryonic epithelia. Later on, CD133 was found on other stem cells, including endothelial progenitor cells, glioblastomas, neuronal, and glial stem cells. In addition to stem cells for normal tissue, CD133 was found on cancer cells, such as some leukemia cells and brain tumor cells. Although the biological function of CD133 is not completely understood, CD133 has been extensively used as a stem cell marker for normal and cancerous tissues.

Antigen

References:

1. Yin AH, *et al.* 1997. *Blood.* 90:5002.
2. Miraglia S, *et al.* 1997. *Blood.* 90:5013.
3. Bühring HJ, *et al.* 1999. *Ann. NY Acad. Sci.* 872:25.