Product Data Sheet

APC anti-human TIGIT (VSTM3)

Catalog # / Size: 2463530 / 100 tests

2463525 / 25 tests

Clone: A15153G

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: Recombinant Human TIGIT.

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with APC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC and

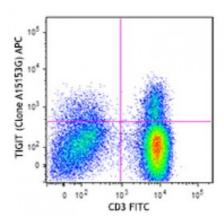
unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood leukocytes were stained with CD3 FITC and TIGIT (clone A15153G) APC (top) or mouse IgG2a, κ APC isotype control (bottom). Data shown was gated on a lymphocyte population.

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

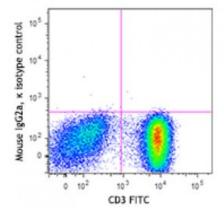
Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for

each application.

Application Notes:

This clone can suppress anti-CD3 induced T cell proliferation *in vitro*.



Description: T cell immunoreceptor with Ig and ITIM domains (TIGIT), also known as VSTM3 or WUCAM, is a 26 kD, type I transmembrane protein and is a member of the PVR

(poliovirus receptor) family of immunoglobulin-like domain containing proteins. TIGIT is expressed on activated T cells, follicular T helper, memory, and regulatory T cells as well as on NK cells. TIGIT is a negative regulator of NK and T cell activation. Expression of TIGIT is associated with decreased functionality of

CD8 T cells in chronic viral infection and tumors. TIGIT also promotes the differentiation of tolerogenic phenotype in dendritic cells with an increased

secretion of IL-10 and a diminished production of IL-12.

Antigen References:

1. Stanietsky N, et al. 2009. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 106:17858.

ences: 2. Yu X, et al. 2009. Nat. Immunol. 10:48.

3. Johnston R, et al. 2014. Cancer Cell. 26:923.