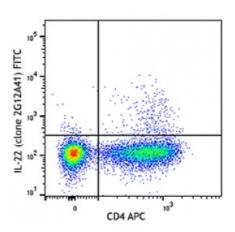
FITC anti-human IL-22

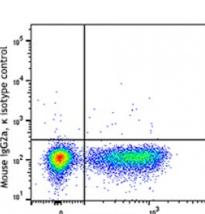
Catalog # / Size:	2433560 / 100 tests 2433555 / 25 tests
Clone:	2G12A41
Isotype:	Mouse IgG2a, к
Immunogen:	Full length recombinant protein expressed in E. Coli
Reactivity:	Human
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with FITC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated FITC and unconjugated antibody.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).
Concentration:	Lot-specific



Peripheral blood mononuclear cells were stimulated with PMA + ionomycin (6hrs, in the presence of monensin), stained with CD4 APC, fixed, permeabilized, and intracellularly stained with IL-22 (clone 2G12A41) FITC (top) or mouse IgG2a, κ FITC isotype



Applications: Recommended Usage:	Flow Cytometry Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by intracellular immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this	lgG2a, k isotype contro
	reagent is 5 μ l per million cells or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.	Wouse 10
Application References:	1. Nagalakshmi ML, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>Int. Immun</i>	ophari



CD4 APC

Application	1. Nagalakshmi ML, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>Int. Immunopharmacol.</i> 5:679.
References:	2. Kebir H,, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>Nat. Med.</i> 13:1173.
	3. Gu Y, <i>et al.</i> 2008. <i>Eur. J. Immunol.</i> 38:1807.
	4. Pene Y, <i>et al.</i> 20

Description: IL-22 is a cytokine that is structurally related to IL-10. Originally identified as a murine gene induced by IL-9 in T and mast cells, IL-22 was initially designated ILTIF, also known as the IL-10-related T cell-derived inducible factor. IL-22 belongs to a family of cytokines with limited homology specifically to IL-10, IL-19, IL-20, IL-24, IL-26, the IFN- λ s, IL-28A, IL-28B, and IL-29. Human IL-22 shares 79% amino acid identity with murine IL-22 and 25% identity with human IL-10. IL-22 biological activity is initiated by binding to a cell surface complex composed of IL-22R1 and IL-10R2 receptor chains. Its activity is further regulated through interactions with the soluble binding protein, IL-22BP, which shares sequence similarity with an extracellular region of IL-22R1 (sIL-22R1). Both chains of the IL-22R complex belong to the class II cytokine receptor family. Two types of IL-22 binding

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Product Data Sheet

receptors have been discovered: a membrane-bound receptor and a soluble receptor that are encoded by different genes. IL-22 is produced by Th17 cells and Th22 cells. The use of Iscove's Modified Dulbecco's Medium (IMDM) will result in better *in vitro* Th17 polarization. It plays a critical role in mucosal immunity in addition to the deregulated inflammation observed in autoimmune diseases.

 Antigen
 1. Nagalakshmi ML, et al. 2004. Int. Immunopharmacol. 5:679.

 References:
 2. Kebir H,, et al. 2007. Nat. Med. 13:1173.

 3. Gu Y, et al. 2008. Eur. J. Immunol. 38:1807.

 4. Pene Y, et al. 20