### Brilliant Violet 421™ anti-human CD22

Catalog # / Size: 2417560 / 100 tests

2417555 / 25 tests

Clone: S-HCL-1

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG2b, κ

Reactivity: Human

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 421<sup>™</sup> under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 421<sup>™</sup> and

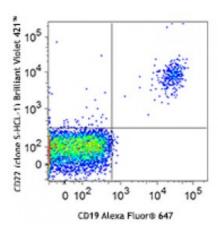
unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA

(origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD19 Alexa Fluor® 647 and CD22 (clone S-HCL-1) Brilliant Violet 421™ (top) or mouse IgG2b, κ Brilliant Violet 421™ isotype control (bottom).

#### **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 421™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 421 nm. The standard bandpass filter 450/50 nm is recommended for detection. Brilliant Violet 421™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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CD19 Alexa Fluor® 647

applications and foreign equivalents.

## Application Notes:

1. Nitschke L. 2005. *Curr. Opin. Immunol.* 17:290

Foon Ka, et al. 1986. Blood. 68:297
 Schwarting R, et al. 1985. Blood.

65:974

4. Campana D, et al. 1985. J. Immunol.

134:1524

#### **Description:**

CD22 is a 130 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein also known as Siglec-2 and BL-CAM and is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily (sialoadhesion subgroup). CD22 is expressed in the cytoplasm of pro-B and pre-B cells, and on the surface of mature B and activated B cells, but not on plasma cells. CD22 is present in the B cell receptor complex and associates with SHP-1, Syk, Lck, Lyn, and phospholipase C $\gamma$ 1. A primary function of CD22 is thought to be in limiting antigen receptor signaling by modulating B cell activation threshold. CD22 has been shown to bind to CD45RO and CD75, although the natural ligands for this molecule remain controversial.

# Antigen References:

1. Clark E. 1993. J. Immunol. 150:4715.

2. Shan D, et al. 1995. J. Immunol. 154:4466.