APC/Cy7 anti-human CD56 (NCAM)

Catalog # / Size: 2412560 / 100 tests

2412555 / 25 tests

Clone: 5.1H11

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Human myotube cells.

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with APC/Cy7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC/Cy7

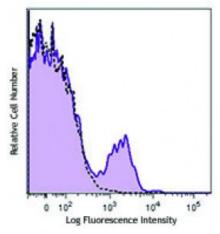
and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with CD56 (clone 5.1H11) APC/Cy7 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, k APC/Cy7 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Flow Cytometry **Applications:**

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application

Notes:

For *in vivo* studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF™ purified antibody (Cat. No. 362548) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF™

purified antibodies (Endotoxin < 0.01 EU/microg).

Application References:

1. Walsh FS, et al. 1981. Nature 289:60. (FC)

2. Pavlath GK, et al. 1986. J. Cell Biol. 102:124. (FC)

3. Pavlath GK, et al. 1989. Nature 337:570. (FC)

4. Pulido R, et al. 1988. J. Immunol. 140:3851. (FC)

Description:

CD56 is a single transmembrane glycoprotein also known as NCAM (neural cell adhesion molecule), Leu-19, or NKH1. It is a member of the Ig superfamily. The 140 kD isoform is expressed on NK and NKT cells. CD56 is also expressed in the brain (cerebellum and cortex) and at neuromuscular junctions. Certain large granular lymphocyte (LGL) leukemias, small-cell lung carcinomas, neuronal derived tumors, myelomas, and myeloid leukemias also express CD56. CD56 plays a role in homophilic and heterophilic adhesion via binding to itself or heparan sulfate.

Antigen References:

1. Lanier L, et al. 1991. J. Immunol. 146:4421 2. Hemperly J, et al. 1990. J. Mol. Neurosci. 2:71

3. Cremer H, et al. 1994. Nature 367:455.