PerCP/Cy5.5 anti-human CD199 (CCR9)

Catalog # / Size: 2394525 / 25 tests

2394530 / 100 tests

Clone: L053E8

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: Cells transfected with human CCR9

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with PerCP/Cy5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP/Cy5.5 and unconjugated

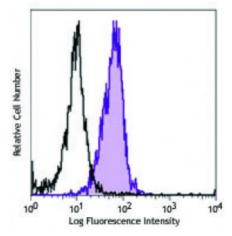
antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human acute lymphoblastic leukemia cell line, MOLT-4, was stained with CD199 (clone L053E8) PerCP/Cy5.5 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG2a, κ PerCP/Cy5.5 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* PerCP/Cy5.5 has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and a maximum emission of 690 nm.

Application References:

1. Hu H, et al. 2014. PNAS. 111:13439. PubMed

Description: Human CD199, also known as CCR9, is a member of the G protein coupled

receptor family and is involved in T cell development in the thymus and in the gut-associated immune response. It is highly expressed on different stages of thymocytes and upregulated on CD4 $^+$ CD8 $^+$ cells. Expression of CCR9 on γ/δ T cells in the intraepithelial and small intestine has been reported. The interaction of CCR9 with its ligand CCL25 (TECK, thymus-expressed chemokine) may direct the trafficking of developing T cells in the thymus and the generation of gut-

specific immunological memory.

Antigen References:

Zaballos A, et al. 1999. J. Immunol. 162:5671.
Wurbel MA, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:7598.

3. Wurbel MA, et al. 2006. Eur. J. Immunol. 36:73.