PerCP/Cy5.5 anti-human B7-H4

Catalog # / Size: 2390550 / 100 tests

2390545 / 25 tests

Clone:

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

> chromatography and conjugated with PerCP/Cy5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP/Cy5.5 and unconjugated

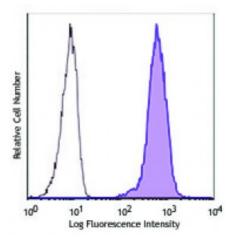
antibody.

Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, Formulation:

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human B7-H4 transfected P815 cells were stained with B7-H4 (clone MIH43) PerCP/Cy5.5 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, k PerCP/Cy5.5 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Flow Cytometry **Applications:**

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* PerCP/Cy5.5 has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and a maximum emission of

690 nm.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemical staining of paraffin-embedded tissue sections^{1,2} and

immunofluorescence2.

Application References: 1. Quandt D, et al. 2011. Clin. Cancer Res. 17:3100. (IHC) 2. Smith JB, et al. 2014. Gynecol. Oncol. 134:181. (FC, IF, IHC)

Description: B7-H4, also known as VTCN1, is a type I transmembrane protein and member of

the B7 family. Its extracellular region consists of one IgV-like and one IgC-like domain. B7-H4 expression has been reported on activated T cells, B cells, monocytes, and dendritic cells. On T cells, B7-H4 inhibits proliferation, cytokine secretion, and cytotoxicity. B7-H4 is also expressed by different carcinomas including renal, gastric, breast, ovarian and melanoma. Its expression is

associated with a poor prognosis.

Antigen References: 1. Fauci JM, et al. 2012. Gynecol. Oncol. 127:420.

2. Chen C, et al. 2012. J. Immunother. 35:354.

3. Guo G, et al. 2012. Clin. Rheumatol. 31:271.

4. Arigami T, et al. 2010