Product Data Sheet

APC/Cy7 anti-human CD38

Catalog # / 2383075 / 25 tests

Size: 2383080 / 100 tests

Clone: HB-7

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: BJAB human B cell line.

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with APC/Cy7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC/Cy7 and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

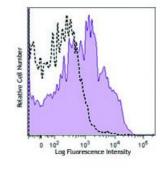
containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number:

III 155

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD38 (clone HB-7) APC/Cy7 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, к APC/Cy7 isotype control (open

histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for

optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications for the relevant formats include: indirect

immunofluorescent staining1 and Western blotting2.

Application References:

Tedder T, et al. 1984. Tissue Antigens. 24:140. (IF)
Inoue S, et al. 1997. J. Immunol. 159:5226. (WB)

3. Zhao Y, et al. 2011. J. Biol. Chem. 286:22170.

Description:

CD38 is a 45 kD type II transmembrane glycoprotein also known as T10. It is an ADP-ribosyl hydrolase expressed at variable levels on hematopoietic cells and in some non-hematopoietic tissues (such as brain, muscle, and kidney). In humans, it is expressed at high levels on plasma cells and activated T and B cells, natural killer (NK) lymphocytes, myeloblasts, and erythroblasts. By functioning as both a cyclase and a hydrolase, CD38 mediates lymphocyte activation, adhesion, and the metabolism of cADPR and NAADP. CD31 is the ligand of CD38.

Antigen References:

Ferrero E, et al. 1999. J. Leukoc. Biol. 65:151.
Lund F, et al. 1995. Immunol. Today 16:469.