Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-human CD25

Catalog # / Size: 2380640 / 100 tests

2380635 / 25 tests

Clone: M-A251

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Human PHA-induced lymphocyte cells Immunogen:

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal

conditions.

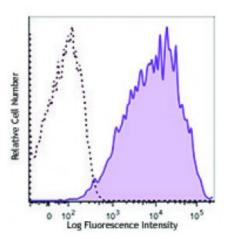
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop **Number:** **IV A053**

Concentration: Lot-specific



PHA-stimulated (3 days) human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD25 (clone M-A251) Alexa Fluor® 647 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ Alexa Fluor® 647 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Flow Cytometry **Applications:**

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemical staining of paraformaldehyde fixed frozen sections.1

The CD25 molecule reveals three epitope regions: A, B, and C. M-A251 antibody recognizes epitope region B. Unlike other CD25 antibody clones, M-A251 can detect CD25 after fixation with paraformaldehyde.

Application References: 1. Li H and Pauza CD. 2015. Eur. J. Immunol. 45:298. (IHC)

Description: CD25 is a 55 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein also known as low affinity IL-

> 2 receptor α chain or Tac. It is expressed on progenitor lymphocytes, activated T and B cells, and activated monocytes/macrophages. CD25 is also expressed on a subset of non-stimulated CD4⁺ T cells termed T regulatory cells. Soluble CD25/IL-2Rα is produced as a consequence of lymphocyte stimulation and is found in biological fluids following inflammatory responses. CD25 associates with IL-2 receptor β (CD122) and common y (CD132) chains to form a high affinity IL-2R

Antigen References: 1. Knapp W, et al. 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV: White Cell Differentiation Antigens.

Oxford University Press.

 Schlossman S, et al. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V: White Cell Differentiation Antigens. Oxford University Press. 3.