Product Data Sheet

PE/Cyanine7 anti-human CD365 (Tim-1)

Catalog # / 2369545 / 25 tests

Size: 2369550 / 100 tests

Clone: 1D12

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Human TIM-1-IgV Fc

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

PE/Cyanine7 under optimal

conditions.

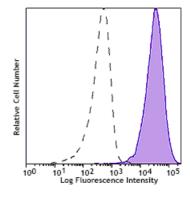
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA)

Workshop Number: **HCDM** listed

Concentration: Lot-specific



769-P, human kidney cell line was stained with anti-human CD365 (Tim-1) (clone 1D12) PE/Cyanine7 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ PE/Cyanine7 isotype control

(open histogram)

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μL per million cells in 100 μL staining volume or 5 μL per 100 μL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application

Additional reported application (for the relevant formats) include: blocking

Notes: function¹.

Application References:

1. Freeman GJ, et al. 2007. Immunity. 27:927. (Block)

Description: CD365 (Tim-1) is a transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on activated

CD4⁺ lymphocytes especially on Th2 cells. It has been implicated to play a critical role in the development of atopic disease and other Th2-biased immune responses. Tim-1 is a hepatitis A virus receptor in humans. Tim-4 is the endogenous ligand of Tim-1. The interaction of Tim-1 and Tim-4 is involved in the costimulation of T cell proliferation. Tim-1 has been reported to be an endogenous ligand for LMIR5 (Leukocyte monoimmunoglobulin (Ig)-like receptor 5), and the Tim-1-LMIR5 interaction plays

a physiological role in immune regulation by myeloid cells.

Antigen References:

Freeman GJ, et al. 2007. Immunity. 27:927.
Meyers JH, et al. 2005. Nat. Immunol. 6:455.

3. Kuchroo VK, et al. 2003. Nat. Rev. Immunol. 3:454.

4. Mariat C, et al. 2005. Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. 360:1681.

5. Yamanishi Y, et al. 2010. J. Exp. Med. 207:1501.