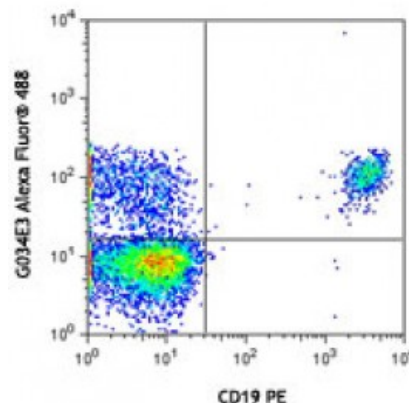


**Alexa Fluor® 488 anti-human CD196 (CCR6)**

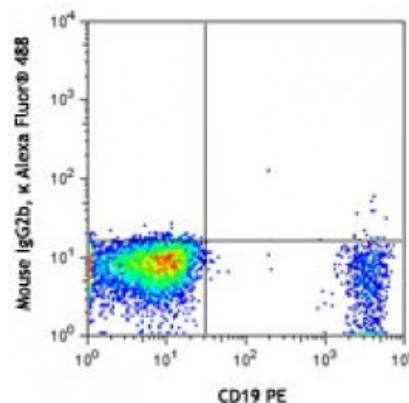
<b>Catalog # / Size:</b>	2367065 / 25 tests 2367070 / 100 tests
<b>Clone:</b>	G034E3
<b>Isotype:</b>	Mouse IgG2b, κ
<b>Immunogen:</b>	CCR6-transfected cells
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human
<b>Preparation:</b>	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 488 under optimal conditions.
<b>Formulation:</b>	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).
<b>Concentration:</b>	Lot-specific



Human peripheral lymphocytes were stained with CD19 PE and CD196 (clone G034E3) Alexa Fluor® 488 (top) or mouse IgG2b, κ Alexa Fluor® 488 isotype control (bottom).

**Applications:**

<b>Applications:</b>	Flow Cytometry
<b>Recommended Usage:</b>	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.



\* Alexa Fluor® 488 has a maximum emission of 519 nm when it is excited at 488 nm.

**Description:** CCR6, also known as CD196, is a chemokine receptor that is expressed on immature dendritic cells, B lymphocytes, and memory T cells. CCR6 binds CCL20, although members of the β defensin family also bind CCR6 with a lower affinity. CCR6 positive cells, and its ligand CCL20, have been detected in numerous organs, especially the secondary lymphoid organ. CCL20 is selectively made by the follicle-associated epithelium (FAE) overlying Peyer's Patches (PPs) and isolated lymphoid follicles (ILFs). CCL20 contributes to the recruitment of CCR6-expressing B cells to these structures. In humans, CCR6 can function to mediate arrest of T cells on dermal endothelial cells and is highly expressed on T cells resident in both normal and psoriatic skin. CCR6 and/or CCL20 have been implicated in the pathogenesis of rheumatoid arthritis and inflammatory bowel disease. Human T cells that are able to produce IL-17 express CCR6. It suggests that CCL20 and CCR6 have a role in inflammatory diseases by recruiting Th17 cells to target tissues.

- Antigen** 1. Zaballos A, *et al.* 1996. *Biochem. Bioph. Res. Co.* 227:846.
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3. MacDonald KG, *et al.* 2007. *Am. J. Pathol.* 170:1229.
4. Homey B, *et al.* 2000