Product Data Sheet

Spark YG[™] 581 anti-human CD197 (CCR7)

Catalog # / 2366325 / 25 tests

Size: 2366330 / 100 tests

Clone: G043H7

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: CCR7-transfected cells

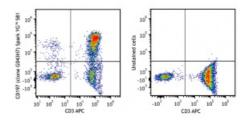
Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate, Other

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA)

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with anti-human CD3 APC and antihuman CD197 (CCR7) (clone G043H7) Spark YG[™] 581 (left) or stained with anti-human CD3 APC only (right).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μL per million cells in 100 μL staining volume or 5 μL per 100 μL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Spark YG™ 581 has a maximum excitation of 562 nm and a maximum emission of 581 nm.

Description:

CCR7, also known as CD197, is a chemokine receptor that binds CCL19 and CCL21. CCR7 and its ligands link innate and adaptive immunity by affecting interactions between T cells and dendritic cells and their downstream effect. Naïve T cells enter the lymph node through high endothelial venules, which express CCL21. Dendritic cells and macrophages enter the lymph node through afferent lymphatics. The encounter of T cells and dendritic cells in the T cell zone is CCR7-dependent. In addition, during immunological surveillance, B cells recirculate between B-cell-rich compartments (follicles or B cell zones) in secondary lymphoid organs, surveying for antigen. After antigen binding, B cells move to the boundary of B and T zones to interact with T-helper cells; this B cell migration is directed by CCR7 and its ligands. CCR7-positive cancer cell expression has been associated with lymph node metastasis.

Antigen **References:**

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- 2. Charo IF, et al. 2006. N. Engl. J. Med. 354:610.
- 3. Reif K, et al. 2002. Nature 416:94.

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