Product Data Sheet

PE anti-human CD54

Catalog # / Size: 2365530 / 100 tests

2365525 / 25 tests

Clone: HA58

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Colonic cancer BM314 cells

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with PE under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE and

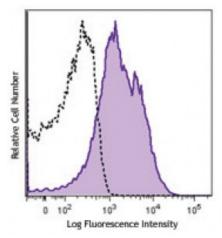
unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD54 (clone HA58) PE (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ PE isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. **Test size products are transitioning from 20 microL to 5 microL per test**. Please check your vial or your CoA to find the suggested use of this reagent per million cells in 100 microL staining volume or per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for

optimal performance for each application.

Application

Clone HA58 recognizes an epitope located in the extracellular D1 domain of

Notes: CD54.3

Application References:

1. Tsujisaki M, et al. 1991. Clin. Exp. Immunol. 85:3. 2. Kanwar JR, et al. 2003. Cancer Gene Ther. 10:468.

3. Kohka H, et al. 1998. J. Leukoc. Biol. 64:519.

Description:

CD54 is a 85-110 kD type I transmembrane protein also known as ICAM-1. It is expressed on activated endothelial cells, high endothelial venules, T and B cells, monocytes/macrophages, granulocytes, and dendritic cells. The expression of ICAM-1 can be released from the cell surface. CD54 plays a role in cellular adhesion and is involved in inflammation and leukocyte extravasation. CD54 has also been shown to be the major cellular receptor for rhinovirus. ICAM-1 binds to CD11a/CD18 (LFA-1), CD11b/CD18 (Mac-1), CD11c/CD18 (p150, 95) as well as hyaluronan and fibrinogen.

Antigen References:

1. Voraberger G, et al. 1991. J. Immunol. 147:2777.

2. Staunton DE, et al. 1988. Cell 52:925.

3. Greve JM, et al. 1989. Cell 56:839.