Product Data Sheet

APC/Fire™ 750 anti-human CD134 (OX40)

Catalog # / 2350155 / 25 tests

Size: 2350160 / 100 tests

Clone: Ber-ACT35 (ACT35)

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, ĸ

HTLV 1-transformed HUT 102 cells Immunogen:

Reactivity: Human, Other

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

APC/Fire&trade

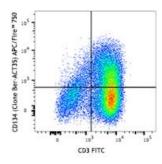
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop **Number:** 750 under optimal conditions.

Concentration: Lot-specific



PHA-stimulated (3 days) human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD3 FITC and CD134 (clone Ber-ACT35) APC/Fire[™] 750 (top), or mouse IgG1, κ isotype control (bottom).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent

staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 µl per million cells in 100 μl staining volume or 5 μl per

100 µl of whole blood.

* APC/Fire™ 750 has a maximum excitation of 650 nm and a maximum

emission of 787 nm.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for

the relevant formats) include:

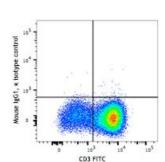
Western blotting¹, immunoprecipitation¹,

immunohistochemical staining^{2,3}of paraffin embedded⁷ and frozen tissue sections, ELISA⁴, and functional

assay⁵.

Application References:

- 1. Latza U, et al. 1994. Eur. J. Immunol. 24:677. (WB, IP)
- 2. Durkop H, et al. 1995. Brit. J. Haematol. 91:927. (IHC)
- 3. Durkop H, et al. 1997. Brit. J. Haematol. 98:863. (IHC)
- 4. Willett B, et al. 2007. J. Virol. 81:9665. (ELISA)
- 5. Li M and Zhang Y. et al. 2005. Cell. Mol. Immunol. 2:467. (FA)
- 6. Gloviczki ML, et al. 2012. Clin. J. Am. Soc. Nephrol. 8:546. PubMed
- 7. Domingos PL, et al. 2012. An. Bras. Dermatol. 87:851. (IHC)



Description: CD134, also known as OX40 and TNFRSF4, is a 50 kD type I transmembrane

glycoprotein. It is a member of the TNF receptor family. OX40 is expressed on activated T lymphocytes including Th1, Th2, Th17, and Treg cells. The interaction of OX40 with OX40L results in B cell proliferation and antibody secretion, regulation of primary T cell expansion, and T cell survival. OX40 influences the size of the T cell memory pool and regulation of CD4⁺ T cell tolerance.

Antigen References:

- 1. Smith CA, et al. 1994. Cell. 76:959.
- 2. Chen AL, et al. 1999. Immunity. 11:689.
- 3. Croft M. 2010. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 28:57.
- 4. Ruby CE, et al. 2009. J. Immunol. 183:5079.
- 5. Klinger M, et al. 2009. J. Immunol. 182:4581.