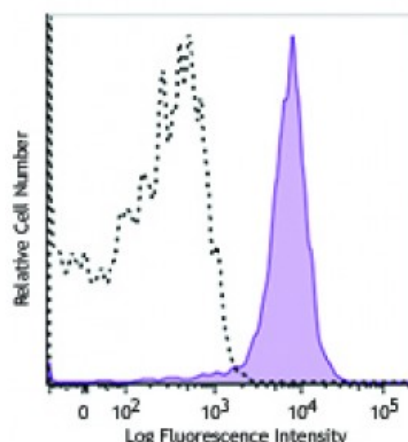


**Alexa Fluor® 700 anti-human CD81 (TAPA-1)**

<b>Catalog # / Size:</b>	2347590 / 100 tests 2347585 / 25 tests
<b>Clone:</b>	5A6
<b>Isotype:</b>	Mouse IgG1, κ
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Human OCI-LY8 cell line
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human
<b>Preparation:</b>	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 700 under optimal conditions.
<b>Formulation:</b>	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).
<b>Concentration:</b>	Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD81 (clone 5A6) Alexa Fluor® 700 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ isotype control Alexa Fluor® 700 (open histogram).

**Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 1 microL per million cells or 1 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* Alexa Fluor® 700 has a maximum emission of 719 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm. Prior to using Alexa Fluor® 700 conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

**Application Notes:** Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western Blotting<sup>3</sup> and immunoprecipitation<sup>2,3</sup>.

**Application References:**

1. Menno C, *et al.* 2010. *J. Clin. Invest.* 4:1265.
2. Oren R, *et al.* 1990. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 8:4007. (IP)
3. Clark K, *et al.* 2004. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279(19):19401. (IP, WB)
4. Mochida K, *et al.* 2008. *J. Virol.* 13:6711.
5. Rappa G, *et al.* 2014. *Mol Cancer Res.* 12:1840. [PubMed](#)

**Description:** CD81 is a 26 kD non-glycosylated member of the tetraspanin superfamily (TM4SF), also known as TAPA-1 (target of an antiproliferative antibody). CD81 is expressed on T and B cells, NK cells, monocytes, dendritic cells, thymocytes, endothelial cells, and fibroblasts. It also has low levels of expression on granulocytes. CD81 induces B cell adhesion via VLA-4 integrin and has been shown to play a role in early T cell development. CD81 associates with several other cell-surface proteins in a multimolecular complex, including CD19, CD21, CD20, CD37, CD53, and CD82 in B cells, and CD4, CD8, and CD82 in T cells.

**Antigen** 1. Menno C, *et al.* 2010. *J. Clin. Invest.* 4:1265.

- References:**
2. Fearon D, *et al.* 1995. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 13:127.
  3. Wright M, *et al.* 1994. *Immunol. Today* 15:588.