## **Product Data Sheet**

#### Purified anti-human CD144 (VE-Cadherin)

Catalog # / Size: 2342510 / 100 µg

2342505 / 25 μg

Clone: BV9

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

Reactivity: Human

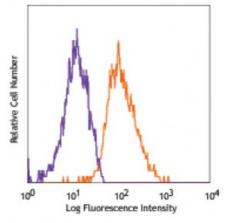
The antibody was purified by affinity **Preparation:** 

chromatography.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration:



Human umbilical vein endothelial cells, HUVEC, stained with purified BV9 conjugated with PE

### **Applications:**

**Applications:** Other

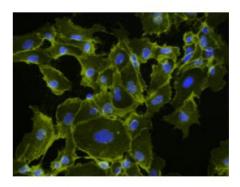
Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.5 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. For immunofluorescence microscopy, a concentration range of 5-10 µg/ml is recommended. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

**Application Notes:** 

Clone BV9 has been shown to block VEcadherin, causing a redistribution of VEcadherin away from intracellular junctions. 6 This clone binds to EC3-EC4 region in the extracellular domain of human VE-cadherin.<sup>7</sup> Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western Blotting<sup>1,2</sup>, immunofluorescence microscopy<sup>1,3</sup>, immunoprecipitation<sup>1,4</sup>, blocking angiogenesis in vitro<sup>4,5</sup>, inhibiting VEcadherin reorganization4, and inducing endothelial cell apoptosis4. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin < 0.1 EU/μg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (contact our custom solutions team).



HUVEC cells were fixed with 1% paraformaldehyde (PFA) and then stained with 10 microg/ml of purified CD144 (VE-Cadherin) (clone BV9) at 4°C overnight, followed by 2.5 microg/ml of Alexa Fluor® 555 anti-mouse IgG (yellow) for 2 hours at room te

**Application** 

1. Almagro S, et al. 2010. Mol. Cell Biol. 30:1703. (WB, IF, IP)

**References:** 2. Zhang F, et al. 2004. J. Biol. Chem. 279:11760. (WB)

- 3. Iurlaro M, et al. 2004. Am. J. Pathol. 165:181. (IF)
- 4. Corada M, et al. 2001. Blood 97:1679. (IP, Block)
- 5. Kooistra M, et al. 2005. FEBS 579:4966. (Block)
- 6. Corada M, et al. 2001. Blood 97:1679. (Block)
- 7. Bouillet L, et al. 2013. Laboratory Investigation 93:1194-11202.

#### **Description:** CD144, also known as VE-cadherin and cadherin-5, is a 140 kD glycoprotein which

is composed of five extracellular cadherin repeats and a highly conserved cytoplasmic tail region. It is a calcium-dependent transmembrane cell-cell adhesion molecule localized at the intercellular boundaries of endothelial cells, hematopoietic stem cells, and perineurial cells. It functions as a classic cadherin by mediating homophilic adhesion and functions as a plasma membrane attachment site for the cytoskeleton. CD144 is thought to play a role in vascular

development, permeability, and remodeling.

# Antigen References:

- 1. Taddei A, et al. 2008. Nat. Cell Biol. 10:923.
- 2. Gavard J, et al. 2006. Nat. Cell Biol. 8:1223.
- 3. Kim I, et al. 2005. Blood 106:903.
- 4. Suzuki S, et al. 1991. Cel