

**PerCP/Cy5.5 anti-human Siglec-8**

**Catalog # / Size:** 2335535 / 25 tests  
2335540 / 100 tests

**Clone:** 7C9

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ

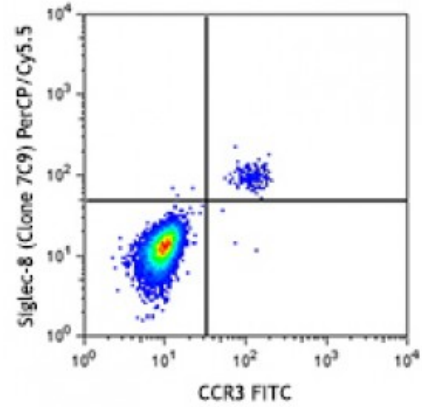
**Immunogen:** Recombinant Siglec-8 fused to human IgG Fc

**Reactivity:** Human

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with PerCP/Cy5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP/Cy5.5 and unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

**Concentration:** Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood leukocytes were stained with CCR3 FITC and Siglec-8 (clone 7C9) PerCP/Cy5.5 (top) or mouse IgG1, κ PerCP/Cy5.5 isotype control (bottom). Data shown was gated on the granulocyte cell population.

**Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* PerCP/Cy5.5 has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and a maximum emission of 690 nm.

- Application References:**
1. Floyd H, *et al.* 2000. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275:861.
  2. Wen T, *et al.* 2014. *J Immunol.* 192:5481. [PubMed](#)

**Description:** Siglec-8 is a lectin specific for 6'-sulfo-sLe<sup>x</sup> and a member of the Ig-superfamily. It is expressed almost exclusively in eosinophils; however, basophils and mast cells can express it to a lower degree. Siglec-8 is a 54 kD transmembranal protein; the extracellular domain has one V-set Ig-like domain and two C2-set domains. The cytoplasmic domain has two immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motifs (ITIM) that recruit SH2-family phosphatases after tyrosine phosphorylation. There are reports that siglec-8 inhibits the release of histamine and prostaglandin D2 mediated by the IgEFcR. This molecule is also involved in the induction of apoptosis.

**Antigen** 1. Bochner BS, *et al.* 2009. *Clin. Exp. Allergy.* 39:317.

- References:**
2. Hudson SA, *et al.* 2009. *J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther.* 330:608.
  3. Nutku E, *et al.* 2005. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 336:918.