Brilliant Violet 510™ anti-human CD3

Catalog # / Size: 2324140 / 100 tests

2324135 / 25 tests

Clone: SK7

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 510[™] under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 510[™] and

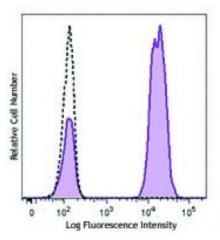
unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA

(origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with SK7 Brilliant Violet 510™.

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 510^{TM} excites at 405 nm and emits at 510 nm. The bandpass filter 510/50 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. **Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel.** Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 510^{TM} is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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Application Notes:

Additional reported application (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemical staining of frozen tissue sections^{4,5,8}, immunofluorescent

staining⁶, and Western blotting3.

Application References:

1. Kan EA, et al. 1983. J. Immunol. 131:536.

2. Wood GS, et al. 1985. Am. J. Pathol. 120:371.

3. Van Dongen JJM, et al. 1988. Blood 71:603. (WB)

4. Haringman JJ, et al. 2005. Arthritis Res. Ther. 7:R862. (IHC)

5. Carbone A, et al. 1999. Blood 93:2319. (IHC)

6. Goval JJ, et al. 2006. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 54:75. (IF)

7. Rutjens E, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:1702.

8. Kap Y, et al. 2009. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 57:1159. (IHC)

9. Yoshino N, et al. 2000. Exp. Anim. (Tokyo) 49:97. (FC)

Description: CD3ε is a 20 kD chain of the CD3/T-cell receptor (TCR) complex, which is

composed of two CD3 ϵ , one CD3 γ , one CD3 δ , one CD3 ζ (CD247), and a T-cell receptor (α/β or γ/δ) heterodimer. It is found on all mature T cells, NK T cells, and some thymocytes. CD3, also known as T3, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily that plays a role in antigen recognition, signal transduction, and T

cell activation.

Antigen References:

1. Barclay N, et al. 1993. The Leucocyte FactsBook. Academic Press. San Diego.

2. Beverly P, et al. 1981. Eur. J. Immunol. 11:329.

3. Lanier L, et al. 1986. J. Immunol. 137:2501.