

**Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-human CD160**

**Catalog # / Size:** 2306020 / 100 tests  
2306015 / 25 tests

**Clone:** BY55

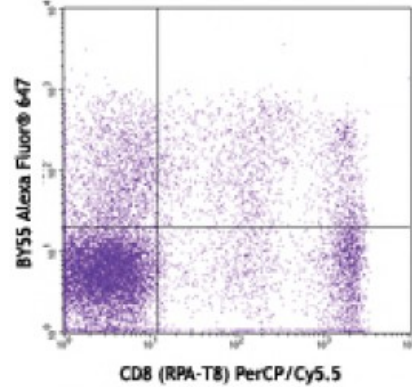
**Isotype:** Mouse IgM, κ

**Reactivity:** Human

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal conditions.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

**Concentration:** Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with BY55 Alexa Fluor® 647 and CD8 (RPA-T8) PerCP/Cy5.5

**Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633nm / 635nm.

**Application References:**

1. Anumanthan A, *et al.* 1998. *J. Immunol.* 161:2780.
2. Maiza H, *et al.* 1993. *J. Exp. Med.* 178:1121. [PubMed](#)
3. Cosgrove C, *et al.* 2014. *PLoS One.* 9:105950. [PubMed](#)
4. Perreau M, *et al.* 2014. *J Exp Med.* 211:2033. [PubMed](#)

**Description:** CD160 is a 27 kD GPI-anchored glycoprotein also known as BY55, NK1, and NK28. A member the Ig superfamily, CD160 exists as a disulfide-bond multimer, expressed on the surface of a subpopulation of NK cells, γ/δ T cells, subset of CD8+ T cells, and intestinal intraepithelial lymphocytes (IEL). CD160 plays costimulatory roles through binding to classical and nonclassical MHC-I molecules.

**Antigen References:**

1. Zola H, *et al.* 2007. *Leukocyte and Stromal Cell Molecules: The CD Markers* Wiley-Liss A John Wiley & Sons Inc, Publication.
2. Merino J, *et al.* 2007. *Clin. Exp. Immunol.* 149:87.
3. Barakonyi A, *et*