## **Product Data Sheet**

## **FITC anti-human CD44**

Catalog # / Size: 2294020 / 100 tests

2294015 / 25 tests

Clone: BJ18

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Normal human PBL

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was conjugated with FITC

under optimal conditions, and is at >85% purity. The solution is free of

unconjugated FITC.

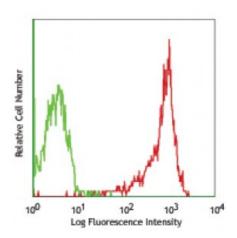
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: VI A034

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with BJ18 FITC

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. **Test size products are transitioning from 20 microL to 5 microL per test**. Please check your vial or your CoA to find the suggested use of this reagent per million cells in 100 microL staining volume or

suggested use of this reagent per million cells in 100 microL staining volume or per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for

optimal performance for each application.

Application References:

1. Kishimoto T, et al. eds. 1997 Leucocyte Typing VI:White Cell Differentiation

**References:** Antigen. Garland Publishing Inc.

**Description:** CD44 is a 80-95 kD glycoprotein also known as Hermes, Pgp1, H-CAM, or HUTCH.

It is expressed on all leukocytes, endothelial cells, hepatocytes, and

mesenchymal cells. As B and T cells become activated or progress to the memory stage, CD44 expression increases from a low or mid level of intensity to high expression levels. Thus, CD44 has been reported to be a valuable marker for memory cell subsets. CD44 is an adhesion molecule involved in leukocyte attachment to and rolling on endothelial cells, homing to peripheral lymphoid

organs and to the sites of inflammation, and leukocyte aggregation.

Antigen References:

1. Barclay AN, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.

2. Haynes BF, et al. 1991. Cancer Cells 3:347.

3. Goldstein LA, et al. 1989. Cell 56:1063.

4. Mikecz K, et al