

APC anti-human CD48

Catalog # / 2283565 / 25 tests
Size: 2283570 / 100 tests

Clone: BJ40

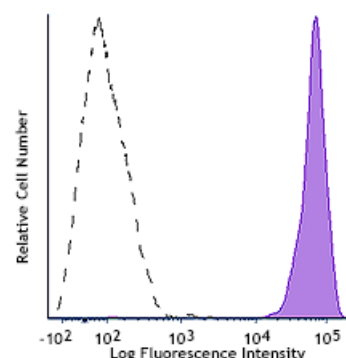
Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate, Other

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with APC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD48 (clone BJ40) APC (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ APC (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells in 100 μ l staining volume or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation.

Application References:

1. Kishimoto T, *et al.* 1997. *Leucocyte Typing VI: White Cell Differentiation Antigens*. Garland Publishing Inc.
2. Wang R, *et al.* 2012. *J. Leukoc Biol.* 91:299. [PubMed](#)

Description: CD48 is a 40-47 kD GPI-anchored membrane protein, also known as Blast-1 and HuLy-m3. It is a member of the CD2 family that contains 2 IgSF domains and is widely expressed on both resting and activated hematopoietic cells with the exception of granulocytes, platelets, and erythrocytes. CD48 binds to CD2 at a considerably (>100-fold) lower affinity than CD58. It is thought to contribute to T cell activation. The cytoplasmic tail of CD48 has been shown to bind to the kinases Lck and Fyn.

Antigen References:

1. Fisher RC and Thorley-Lawson DA. 1991. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 11:1614.
2. Korinek V, *et al.* 1991. *Immunogenetics* 33:108.
3. Leukocyte Typing IV. Knapp W, *et al.* (Eds) Oxford University Press (1989)
4. Leukocyte Typing V. Schlossman S, *et al.* (Eds) Oxford University Press (1995)