Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-human CD61

Catalog # / 2282040 / 100 tests

Size: 2282035 / 25 tests

Clone: VI-PL2

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate, Other

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal

conditions.

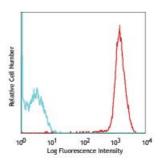
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: **HCDM** listed

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood platelets stained with VI-PL2 Alexa Fluor®

647

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry, Other

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells in 100 μ l volume or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for

each application.

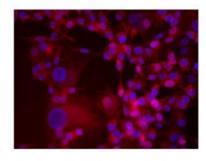
* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited

at 633nm / 635nm.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western blotting and immunohistochemical

staining of frozen tissue sections.



MDA-MB435 breast cancer cell line was stained with 20 μg/mL antihuman CD44 Alexa Fluor® 647 and nuclear counterstained with DAPI. Images were acquired with a TE300 fluorescence microscope with a 20x objective. Data provided by: Er Liu and John Nolan, La Jolla Bioengineering Institute

Application References:

- 1. Davies J, et al. 1989. J. Cell Biol. 109:1817.
- 2. Roberts M, et al. 2004. Mol. Cell. Biol. 24:1505.
- 3. Ciarlet M, et al. 2002. J. Virol. 76:1109.

Description:

CD61, also known as integrin $\beta 3$ and glycoprotein IIIa (gpIIIa), is a 90 kD type I integral transmembrane glycoprotein. It is a member of the integrin family, associating with platelet gpIIb (CD41) to form CD41/CD61 complex and with integrin αV (CD51) to form $\alpha V/\beta 3$ (CD51/CD61) integrin. CD41/CD61 is expressed on platelets and megakaryocytes, and plays a role in platelet activation and aggregation through interaction with fibrinogen, fibronectin, vWF, and other RGD-containing adhesion molecules. CD51/CD61 is expressed on platelets, osteoclasts, fibroblasts, macrophages, and some tumor cells involved in tumor metastasis, and in adenovirus infection through binding to RGD motif in extracellular matrix proteins.

Antigen References:

1. Zola H, et al. 2007. Leukocyte and Stromal Cell Molecules: The CD Markers.