Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-human CD61

Catalog # / 2282040 / 100 tests

Size: 2282035 / 25 tests

Clone: VI-PL2

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal

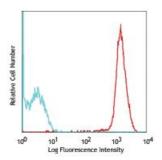
conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood platelets stained with VI-PL2 Alexa Fluor® 647

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells in 100 microL volume or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum

at 633nm / 635nm.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western blotting and immunohistochemical

emission of 668 nm when it is excited

staining of frozen tissue sections.

MDA-MB435 breast cancer cell line was stained with 20 microg/mL anti-human CD44 Alexa Fluor® 647 and nuclear counterstained with DAPI. Images were acquired with a TE300 fluorescence microscope with a 20x objective. Data provided by: Er Liu and John

Application References:

1. Davies J, et al. 1989. J. Cell Biol. 109:1817.

2. Roberts M, et al. 2004. Mol. Cell. Biol. 24:1505.

3. Ciarlet M, et al. 2002. J. Virol. 76:1109.

Description:

CD61, also known as integrin $\beta 3$ and glycoprotein Illa (gpllla), is a 90 kD type I integral transmembrane glycoprotein. It is a member of the integrin family, associating with platelet gpllb (CD41) to form CD41/CD61 complex and with integrin αV (CD51) to form $\alpha V/\beta 3$ (CD51/CD61) integrin. CD41/CD61 is expressed on platelets and megakaryocytes, and plays a role in platelet activation and aggregation through interaction with fibrinogen, fibronectin, vWF, and other RGD-containing adhesion molecules. CD51/CD61 is expressed on platelets, osteoclasts, fibroblasts, macrophages, and some tumor cells involved in tumor metastasis, and in adenovirus infection through binding to RGD motif in extracellular matrix proteins.

Antigen References:	1. Zola H, et al. 2007. Leukocyte and Stromal Cell Molecules: The CD Markers.	
For research use or	nly. Not for diagnostic use. Not for resale. Sony Biotechnology Inc. will not be held	