## Brilliant Violet 605™ anti-human CD40

Catalog # / Size: 2271675 / 25 tests

2271680 / 100 tests

Clone: 5C3

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 605<sup>™</sup> under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 605<sup>™</sup> and

unconjugated antibody.

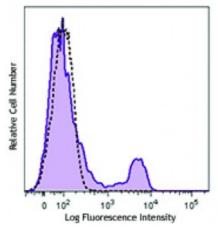
**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA

(origin USA).

Workshop Number: V CD40.4

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with CD40 (clone 5C3) Brilliant Violet 605™ (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ Brilliant Violet 605™ isotype control

(open histogram).

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 605™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 603 nm. The bandpass filter 610/20 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. **Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel.** Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 605™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: costimulation of B cell proliferation1, partial inhibition of CD40 binding to CD40L3, and B cell rescue from apoptosis1. The LEAF $^{\text{m}}$  purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/microg, Azide-Free, 0.2  $\mu$ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays.

Application References:

1. Schlossman SF, *et al.* 1995. ed. Leukocyte Typing V:White Cell Differentiation Antigens. New York:Oxford University Press.

2. Yoshino N, *et al.* 2000. *Exp. Anim. (Tokyo)* 49:97. (FC) 3. Pound JD, *et al.* 1999. *Int. Immunol.* 11:11. (Block)

**Description:** CD40 is a 48 kD type I glycoprotein also known as BP50. It is a member of the

TNFR superfamily primarily expressed on B cells, macrophages, follicular dendritic cells, endothelial cells, fibroblasts, and at low levels on plasma cells. CD40 has been reported to be involved in B cell differentiation, costimulation, isotype class-switching, and protection of B cells from apoptosis. Additionally, CD40 is

important for T cell-B cell interactions. The ligand of CD40 is CD154 (CD40 ligand). The 5C3 antibody has been reported to promote B cell proliferation in the presence of anti-IgM, IL-4 or PMA, partially blocking CD40 binding to CD40L, and B cells rescue from apoptosis.

Antigen 1. Banchereau J, et al. 1994. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:881.

**References:** 2. Foy T, et al. 1996. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 14:591.