

**PerCP/Cyanine5.5 anti-human TCR Vγ9**

**Catalog # / Size:** 2256610 / 100 tests  
2256605 / 25 tests

**Clone:** B3

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ

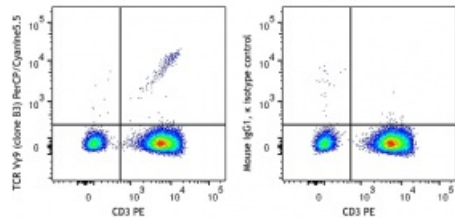
**Immunogen:** NKp46-Fc fusion protein

**Reactivity:** Human, Non-human primate

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with PerCP/Cyanine5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP/Cyanine5.5 and unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

**Concentration:** Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD3 (clone UCHT1) PE and anti-human TCR Vγ9 (clone B3) PerCP/Cyanine5.5 (left) or mouse IgG1, κ PerCP/Cyanine5.5 isotype control (right).

**Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μl per million cells in 100 μl staining volume or 5 μl per 100 μl of whole blood.

\* PerCP/Cyanine5.5 has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and a maximum emission of 690 nm.

**Application Notes:** Clone 9E2 has been shown to block NK activation through NKp46.<sup>6</sup>

**Application References:** 1. Van Rhijn I, *et al.* 2003. *Intl. Immunol.* 15:373.  
2. Yoshino N, *et al.* 2000. *Exp. Anim. (Tokyo)* 49:97. (FC)

**Description:** The Vγ9 TCR is a variant of the TCR γ chain expressed on a subset of γ/δ T cells. Vγ9Vδ2 T lymphocytes, a major γ/δ T cell subset in humans, recognize phosphoantigens, certain tumor cells, and cells treated with aminobisphosphonates. This cell population displays cytolytic activity against various tumor cells. The γ/δ TCR is a heterodimeric TCR complex composed of covalently bound γ and δ chains involved in antigen recognition and the non-covalently associated monomorphic proteins CD3δ, γ, ε, and ζ chains.

**Antigen References:** 1. Scotet E, *et al.* 2005. *Immunity* 22:71  
2. Rincon-Orozco B, *et al.* 2005. *J. Immunol.* 175:2144