Purified anti-human TCR γ/δ

Catalog # / Size: 2256010 / 100 μg

Clone: B1

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

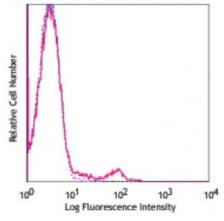
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with purified B1, followed by anti-mouse IgG FITC

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 2.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

Application Notes:

Clone B1 is also known as clone B1.1.

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats)

include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections3 and paraffin-embedded sections5, and *in vitro* blocking. The LEAF™ purified antibody

(Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ μ g, Azide-Free, 0.2 μ m filtered) is recommended for

functional assays (Cat. No. 100208).

Application References:

1. Rodriguez-Gago M, et al. 2001. Transplantation. 72:503.

2. Lehmann FS, et al. 2002. Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest. Liver. Physiol. 283:G481.

(FC)

3. Bordignon M, et al. 2008. Mol. Med. Rep. 1:485. (IHC)

4. Conrad M, et al. 2007. Cytom. Part A 71A:925. (FC)

5. Pollinger B, et al. 2011. J. Immunol. 186:2602. (IHC)

6. Correia DV, et al. 2011. Blood. 118:992. (Block)

7. Laurent AJ, et al. 2014. PLoS One. 9:103683. PubMed

Description: T cell receptor (TCR) is a heterodimer consisting of an α and a β chain (TCR α/β)

or a γ and a δ chain (TCR γ/δ). TCR γ/δ is involved in the recognition of certain bacterial, self-CD1 molecule, and tumor antigens bound to MHC class I. The γ/δ TCR associates with CD3 and is expressed on a subset of T cells found in the thymus, the intestinal epithelium, and the peripheral lymphoid tissues and peritoneum. Most γ/δ T cells are CD4⁻/CD8⁻, some are CD8⁺. T cells expressing the γ/δ TCR have been shown to play a role in oral tolerance, innate immune response for some tumor cells, and autoimmune disease. It has been reported that γ/δ T cells also play a principal role in antigen presentation.

Antigen References:

- 1. Lanier LL, et al. 1987. J. Clin. Immunol. 7:429.
- Spencer J, et al. 1989. Eur. J. Immunol. 19:1335.
 Uyemura K, et al. 1991. J. Exp. Med. 174:683.
- 4. Spada FM, et al.