Biotin anti-human CD90 (Thy1)

Catalog # / 2240530 / 100 μg

Size:

Clone: 5E10

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: HEL cells

Reactivity: Human

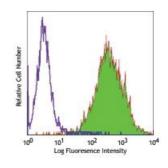
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with biotin under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated biotin.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



Human erythroleukemic cell line (HEL) stained with biotinylated 5E10, followed by Sav-PE

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.5 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

Application

Notes:

Clone 5E10 recognizes an epitope on Thy-1 independent of its glycosylation, but is abolished under reducing conditions.4 Additional reported (for the relevant formats) applications include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections, immunoprecipitation1, and

immunofluorescence3.

Application References:

1. Craig W, et al. 1993. J. Exp. Med. 177:1331. (IP)

2. Gundlach CW 4th, et al. 2011. Bioconjug. Chem. 22:1706. (Pig Reactivity)

3. Touboul C, et al. 2013. J. Transl. Med. 11:28. (IF) 4. Bradley JE, et al. 2013. Lab Invest. 93:365. (Epitope)

5. Donnenberg VS, et al. 2010. Cytometry B. Clin. Cytom. 5:287. (IHC)

Description:

CD90 is a 25-35 kD GPI-anchored protein, also known as Thy-1. It belongs to the Ig superfamily. Human CD90 is expressed on neuronal cells, a subset of CD34+ cells, a subset of fetal liver cells and fetal thymocytes, fibroblasts, activated endothelial cells, and some leukemia cell lines. CD34+CD90+ cells are primitive hematopoietic stem cells. It has been reported that Thy-1 binds with $\beta 2$ and $\beta 3$ integrins and plays bimodal roles in the regulation of cell adhesion and neurite outgrowth, and inhibits hematopoietic stem cells proliferation and differentiation.

Antigen References:

1. McKenzie JL, et al. 1981. J. Immunol. 126:843. 2. Avalos AM, et al. 2002. Biol. Res. 35:231.

3. Wetzel A, et al. 2004. J. Immunol. 172:3850.