Biotin anti-human CD140a (PDGFRα)

Catalog # / Size: 2217515 / 25 μg

2217520 / 100 µg

Clone: 16A1

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: NIH 3T3 cells transfected with human

 $PDGFR\alpha$

Reactivity: Human

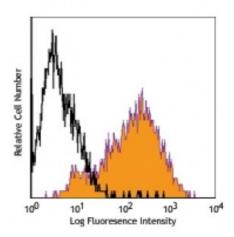
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with biotin under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated biotin.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



Human PDGFRA transfected cells stained with biotinylated 16A1,

followed by Sav-PE

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of

this reagent is ≤2.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

Application References:

1. Miyazaki S et al. In:Leukocyte Typing VI Kishimoto et al. Eds, Garland Publishing

Inc, New York 1998 pp 3-20.

2. Lottaz C, et al. 2010. Cancer Res. 70:2030. PubMed

3. Ricono JM, et al. 2009. Am. J. Physiol. Renal Physiol. 296:F406. (IF)

Description:

The 16A1 monoclonal antibody recognizes human CD140a also known as the platelet-derived growth factor receptor, α polypeptide, PDGFR2, and PDGFRα. CD140a is a cell surface tyrosine kinase receptor for members of the plateletderived growth factor family. The identity of the growth factor bound to the receptor determines whether the functional receptor is a homodimer or heterodimer composed of both PDGFR- α and - β . CD140a contains three immunoglobulin-like domains and a tyrosine kinase domain with a predicted molecular weight of approximately 123 kD. CD140a is widely expressed on a variety of mesenchymal-derived cells and has been implicated in the development of some tumors including basal cell carcinoma and gastric stromal cell tumors. Binding of A-chain containing PDGF molecules as well as proteaseactivated PDGF-C molecules can stimulate cell proliferation. CD140a has been shown to interact with a number of proteins including CRK, Grb2, Grb14, SHP2, and others as integrin β 3, caveolin-1, and nexin sorting molecules. The PDGFR α is heavily phosphorylated on numerous tyrosine residues through both autophosphorylation and ligand-dependent processes. The 16A1 antibody has

Antigen References:

1. Gronwald RG, et al. 1988. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:3435.

been shown to be useful for flow cytometric detection of CD140a.

2. Gilbertson DG, et al. 2001. J. Biol. Chem. 276:27406.

3. Seifert RA, et al. 1989. J. Biol. Chem. 264:8771.

4. Rupp

