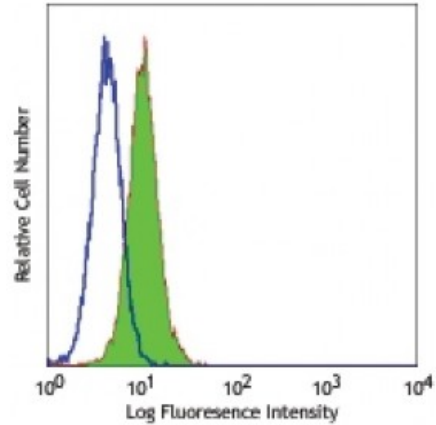


Purified anti-human MICA/MICB

Catalog # / Size: 2204510 / 100 µg
Clone: 6D4
Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ
Reactivity: Human
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography.
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Concentration: 0.5



Human Hela cell line stained with purified 6D4, followed by anti-mouse IgG FITC

Applications:

- Applications:** Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry
- Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.5 microg per 10⁶ cells in 100 microL volume or 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
- Application Notes:** Additional reported (for the relevant formats) applications include: immunohistochemistry^{2,3,5} of acetone-fixed frozen sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections, immunoprecipitation⁷, and blocking^{2,3} of MIC mediated cytotoxicity. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 320910).
- Application References:**
 1. Wu J, *et al.* 1999. *Science* 285:730.
 2. Wu J, *et al.* 2000. *J. Exp. Med.* 192:1059.
 3. Groh V, *et al.* 2001. *Nature Immunol.* 2:255.
 4. Wu J, *et al.* 2002. *J. Immunol.* 169:1236.
 5. Roberts A, *et al.* 2001. *J. Immunol.* 167:5527.
 6. Groh V, *et al.* 2003. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 100:9452.
 7. Kraetzl K *et al.* 2008. *Eur. Respir. J.* 32:563. [PubMed](#)
 8. Correia DV, *et al.* 2011. *Blood* 118:992. (FC) [PubMed](#)
 9. Watanbe M, *et al.* 2014. *Int Immunol.* [PubMed](#)

Description: 6D4 antibody reacts with a common epitope of the human nonclassical MHC class I chain-related protein A (MICA) and B (MICB), also known as PERB11.1 and PERB11.2. The MIC gene is located in MHC class I region. MICA/B are 65-75 kD stress-inducible glycoproteins with highly polymorphic. They are MHC class I-like transmembrane molecules that do not associate β2-microglobulin and do not present peptides. MICA and MICB share 85% identify, and are mainly expressed on Intestinal epithelial cells, epithelial tumor cells, endothelial cells, fibroblasts, and IFN-α-stimulated dendritic cells. MIC molecules bind NKG2D, an activating receptor, and induce activation of NK cells, and subset of CD8⁺ α/β T cells and γ/δ

T cells, as well as suppression of T cell proliferation. MICA/B recognition is involved in the regulation of tumor surveillance, viral infection and autoimmune diseases. The 6D4 antibody is able to block MIC mediated cytotoxicity.

**Antigen
References:**

1. Groh V, *et al.* 1996. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.* 93:12445.
2. Groh V, *et al.* 1999. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.* 96:6879.
3. Jinushi M, *et al.* 2003. *J. Immunol.* 170:1249.
4. Kriegesk