

**Brilliant Violet 605™ anti-human CD56 (NCAM)**

**Catalog # / Size:** 2191670 / 100 tests  
2191665 / 25 tests

**Clone:** HCD56

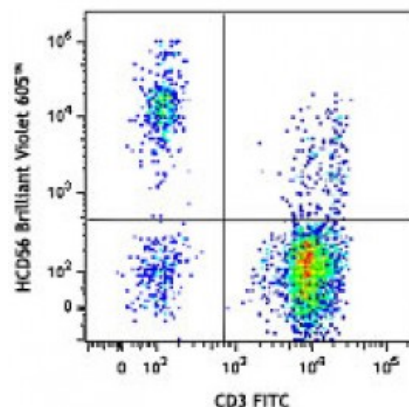
**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1,  $\kappa$

**Reactivity:** Human

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 605™ under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 605™ and unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA (origin USA).

**Concentration:** Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD3 FITC and CD56 (clone HCD56) Brilliant Violet 605™.

**Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is  $\leq 5$  microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 605™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 603 nm. The bandpass filter 610/20 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. **Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel.** Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 605™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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- Application References:**
1. Kishimoto T, *et al.* Eds. 1997. Leucocyte Typing VI. Garland Publishing Inc. London.
  2. Correia DV, *et al.* 2011. *Blood* 118:992. (FC) [PubMed](#)
  3. Bigley AB, *et al.* 2013. *Brain Behav Immun.* 889:1591. [PubMed](#)
  4. Du J, *et al.* 2014. *Cancer Immunol Res.* 2:878. [PubMed](#)
  5. Jansen DT, *et al.* 2015. *Rheumatology.* 54:728. [PubMed](#)

**Description:** CD56 is a single transmembrane glycoprotein also known as NCAM (Neural Cell Adhesion Molecule), Leu-19, or NKH1. It is a member of the Ig superfamily. The 140 kD isoform is expressed on NK cells and NK-T cells. CD56 is also expressed in

the brain (cerebellum and cortex) and at neuromuscular junctions. Certain large granular lymphocyte (LGL) leukemias, small-cell lung carcinomas, neuronal derived tumors, myelomas, and myeloid leukemias also express CD56. CD56 plays a role in homophilic and heterophilic adhesion via binding to itself or heparin sulfate.

**Antigen  
References:**

1. Lanier L, *et al.* 1991. *J. Immunol.* 146:4421.
2. Hemperly J, *et al.* 1990. *J. Mol. Neurosci.* 2:71.
3. Cremer H, *et al.* 1994. *Nature* 367:455.