Product Data Sheet

APC/Cyanine7 anti-human CD40

Catalog # / 2165090 / 100 tests

Size: 2165085 / 25 tests

Clone: HB14

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Human B7H2-mlg fusion protein

Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate, Other

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with APC/Cyanine7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC/Cyanine7 and

unconjugated antibody.

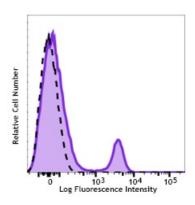
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: V CD40.5

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with anti-human CD40 (clone HB14) APC/Cyanine7 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ APC/Cyanine7 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells in 100 μ l staining volume or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood

volume or 5 μl per 100 μl of whole blood.

Application

Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: costimulation of B cell proliferation, partial inhibition of CD40 binding to CD40L, and prevention of B cell apoptosis. Alone, or in combination with TLR ligands, clone HIB14 stimulates B cells to produce IL-10 and differentiates it into regulatory B10 (IL-10 producing B cells).

Application References:

- 1. Pound JD, et al. 1999. Int. Immunol. 11:11. (Costim)
- 2. Schlossman S, et al. Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press. New York.
- 3. Armengol MP, et al. 2001. Am. J. Pathol. 159:861.
- 4. Cavanagh LL, et al. 2005. Arthritis Res. Ther. 7:R230.
- 5. Jayakumar A, et al. 2008. Infect Immun.76:2138. PubMed
- 6. Sestak K, et al. 2007. Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol. 119:21.
- 7. Iwata Y, et al. 2011. Blood. 117:530. PubMed

Description: CD40 is a 48 kD type I glycoprotein also known as BP50. It is a member of

the TNFR superfamily primarily expressed on B cells, macrophages, follicular dendritic cells, endothelial cells, fibroblasts, and at low levels on

plasma cells. CD40 has been reported to be involved in B cell

differentiation, costimulation, isotype class-switching, and protection of B cells from apoptosis. Additionally, CD40 is important for T cell-B cell interactions. The ligand of CD40 is CD154 (CD40 ligand). The HB14 antibody has been reported to promote B cell proliferation in the presence of anti-IgM, IL-4 or PMA, partially block CD40 binding to CD40L and rescue

B cells from apoptosis.

Antigen

1. Banchereau J, et al. 1994. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:881.

References:

2. Foy T, et al. 1996. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 14:591.