Product Data Sheet

PerCP/Cy5.5 anti-human CD40

Catalog # / Size: 2165070 / 100 tests

2165065 / 25 tests

Clone: HB14

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with PerCP/Cy5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP/Cy5.5 and unconjugated

antibody.

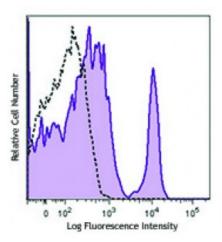
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: V CD40.5

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD40 (clone HB14) PerCP/Cy5.5 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ PerCP/Cy5.5 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: costimulation of B cell proliferation, partial inhibition of CD40 binding to CD40L, and prevention of B cell apoptosis.1 Alone, or in combination with TLR ligands, clone HIB14 stimulates B cells to produce IL-10 and differentiates it into regulatory B10 (IL-10 producing B cells). The LEAF purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ μ g, Azide-Free, 0.2 μ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 313010).

Application References:

- 1. Pound JD, et al. 1999. Int. Immunol. 11:11. (Costim)
- 2. Schlossman S, *et al.* Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Armengol MP, et al. 2001. Am. J. Pathol. 159:861.
- 4. Cavanagh LL, et al. 2005. Arthritis Res. Ther. 7:R230.
- 5. Jayakumar A, et al. 2008. Infect Immun.76:2138. PubMed
- 6. Sestak K, et al. 2007. Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol. 119:21.
- 7. Iwata Y, et al. 2011. Blood. 117:530. PubMed

Description: CD40 is a 48 kD type I glycoprotein also known as BP50. It is a member of the

TNFR superfamily primarily expressed on B cells, macrophages, follicular dendritic cells, endothelial cells, fibroblasts, and at low levels on plasma cells. CD40 has been reported to be involved in B cell differentiation, costimulation, isotype class-switching, and protection of B cells from apoptosis. Additionally, CD40 is important for T cell-B cell interactions. The ligand of CD40 is CD154 (CD40 ligand). The HB14 antibody has been reported to promote B cell proliferation in the presence of anti-IgM, IL-4 or PMA, partially block CD40 binding to CD40L and

rescue B cells from apoptosis.

Antigen

1. Banchereau J, et al. 1994. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:881.

References: 2. Foy T, et al. 1996. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 14:591.