

PE/Cy7 anti-human CD40

Catalog # / Size: 2165060 / 100 tests
2165055 / 25 tests

Clone: HB14

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

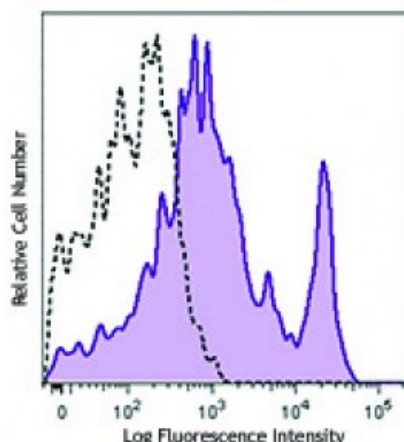
Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with PE/Cy7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Cy7 and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: V CD40.5

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with CD40 (clone HB14) PE/Cy7 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ PE/Cy7 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: costimulation of B cell proliferation, partial inhibition of CD40 binding to CD40L, and prevention of B cell apoptosis.¹ Alone, or in combination with TLR ligands, clone HIB14 stimulates B cells to produce IL-10 and differentiates it into regulatory B10 (IL-10 producing B cells).⁷ The LEAF[™] purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ μ g, Azide-Free, 0.2 μ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 313010).

- Application References:**
1. Pound JD, *et al.* 1999. *Int. Immunol.* 11:11. (Costim)
 2. Schlossman S, *et al.* Eds. 1995. *Leucocyte Typing V*. Oxford University Press. New York.
 3. Armengol MP, *et al.* 2001. *Am. J. Pathol.* 159:861.
 4. Cavanagh LL, *et al.* 2005. *Arthritis Res. Ther.* 7:R230.
 5. Jayakumar A, *et al.* 2008. *Infect Immun.* 76:2138. [PubMed](#)
 6. Sestak K, *et al.* 2007. *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.* 119:21.
 7. Iwata Y, *et al.* 2011. *Blood.* 117:530. [PubMed](#)

Description: CD40 is a 48 kD type I glycoprotein also known as BP50. It is a member of the TNFR superfamily primarily expressed on B cells, macrophages, follicular dendritic cells, endothelial cells, fibroblasts, and at low levels on plasma cells. CD40 has been reported to be involved in B cell differentiation, costimulation, isotype class-switching, and protection of B cells from apoptosis. Additionally, CD40 is important for T cell-B cell interactions. The ligand of CD40 is CD154 (CD40 ligand). The HB14 antibody has been reported to promote B cell proliferation in the presence of anti-IgM, IL-4 or PMA, partially block CD40 binding to CD40L and rescue B cells from apoptosis.

- Antigen** 1. Banchereau J, *et al.* 1994. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 12:881.
- References:** 2. Foy T, *et al.* 1996. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 14:591.