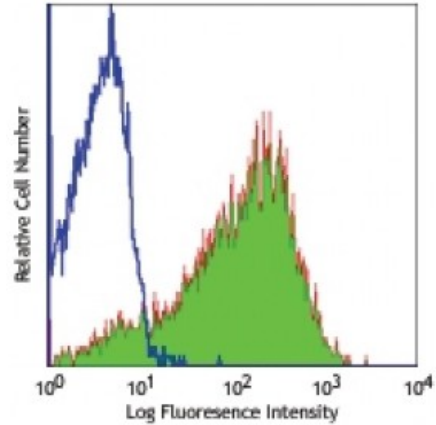


Purified anti-human CD69

Catalog # / Size: 2154510 / 100 µg
Clone: FN50
Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ
Reactivity: Human
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography.
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Workshop Number: IV A91
Concentration: 0.5



PHA-activated human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with purified FN50, followed by anti-mouse IgGs FITC

Applications:

Applications: Immunofluorescence

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤2.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections² and immunofluorescence microscopy³.

- Application References:**
1. Knapp WB, *et al.* 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV. Oxford University Press. New York.
 2. Sakkas LI, *et al.* 1998. *Clin. and Diag. Lab. Immunol.* 5:430. (IHC)
 3. Kim JR, *et al.* 2005. *BMC Immunol.* 6:3. (IF)
 4. Verjans GM, *et al.* 2007. *P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 104:3496.
 5. Lu H, *et al.* 2009. *Toxicol Sci.* 112:363. (FC) [PubMed](#)
 6. Thakral D, *et al.* 2008. *J. Immunol.* 180:7431. (FC) [PubMed](#)
 7. Yoshino N, *et al.* 2000. *Exp. Anim. (Tokyo)* 49:97. (FC)

Description: CD69 is a 27-33 kD type II transmembrane protein also known as activation inducer molecule (AIM), very early activation antigen (VEA), and MLR3. It is a member of the C-type lectin family, expressed as a disulfide-linked homodimer. Other members of this receptor family include NKG2, NKR-P1 CD94, and Ly49. CD69 is transiently expressed on activated leukocytes including T cells, thymocytes, B cells, NK cells, neutrophils, and eosinophils. CD69 is constitutively expressed by a subset of medullary mature thymocytes, platelets, mantle B cells, and certain CD4⁺ T cells in germinal centers of normal lymph nodes. CD69 is involved in early events of lymphocyte, monocyte, and platelet activation, and has a functional role in redirected lysis mediated by activated NK cells.

- Antigen References:**
1. Schlossman S, *et al.* Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press. New York.
 2. Testi R, *et al.* 1994. *Immunol. Today* 15:479.

