Product Data Sheet

APC/Fire™ 750 anti-human CD154

Catalog # / 2154235 / 25 tests

Size: 2154240 / 100 tests

Clone: 24-31

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

APC/Fire™ 750 under optimal

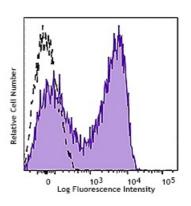
conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



PMA+ionomycin-stimulated (6 hours) human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD154 (clone 24-31) APC/Fire™ 750 (filled histogram) or Mouse IgG1, κ APC/Fire™ 750 isotype control (open histogram) in the presence of True-Stain Monocyte Blocker™ (Cat. No. 426103).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells in 100 μ l staining volume or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood.

* APC/Fire™ 750 has a maximum excitation of 650 nm and a maximum

emission of 787 nm.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunofluorescence microscopy 1,3 and blocking of T cell-dependent B cell

differentiation^{1,2,4,5}. The LEAF purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ μ g, Azide-Free, 0.2 μ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 310812). For highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF purified antibody (Cat. No. 310828) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF

purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/μg).

Application References:

- 1. Brams P, et al. 2001. Int. Immunopharmacol. 1:277. (Block, IF)
- 2. Rushworth SA, et al. 2002. Transplantation 73:635. (Block)
- 3. Berner B, et al. 2000. Ann. Rheum. Dis. 59:190. (IF)
- 4. Nordström T, et al. 2006. J. Leukocyte Biol. 79:319. (Block)
- Zhang AL, et al. 2007. Blood doi:10.1182/blood-2007-02-076364.
 (Block) PubMed
- 6. Kuchen S, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 179:5886.
- 7. Matus-Nicodermos R, et al. 2011. J. Immunol. 186:2164. PubMed
- 8. Peterson VM, et al. 2017. Nat. Biotechnol. 35:936. (PG)

Description: CD154 (CD40 ligand) is also known as CD40L, gp39, TRAP and T-BAM. CD40

ligand is a 32-39 kD type II transmembrane glycoprotein. It is a member of the TNF superfamily and is expressed on activated T cells. It has been reported to be important for B cell costimulation following binding of its receptor, CD40. Additionally, binding of CD40L to CD40 on B cells promotes the secretion of immunoglobulin and Ig isotype switching. CD40L is also involved in the regulation of cytokine production by T cells.

Antigen References:

- 1. Najafian N, et al. 2003. Expert Opin. Biol. Ther. 3:227. 2. Racke M, et al. 2002. Expert Opin. Ther. Targets. 6:275.
- 3. Ford G, et al. 1999. J. Immunol. 162:4037.