Product Data Sheet

Purified anti-human/mouse/rat PCNA

Catalog # / Size: $2139505 / 25 \mu g$

 $2139510 / 100 \, \mu g$

Clone: PC10

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: Recombinant rat PCNA

Reactivity: Rat

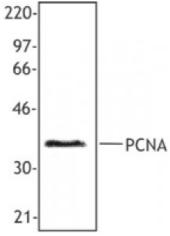
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



Hela cell nuclear extract was resolved by electrophoresis, transferred to nitrocellulose and probed with monoclonal anti-PCNA antibody. Proteins were visualized using a goat anti-mouse secondary conjugated to HRP and a chemiluminescence detection system.

Applications:

Applications: Other

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent intracellular staining with flow cytometric analysis. Please follow theCell Fixation and Permeabilization Protocol Using 70% Ethanol. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.125 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for

each application.

Application Notes:

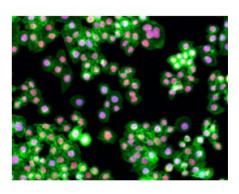
Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemical staining^{2,5,6} of acetone-fixed frozen sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections, immunoprecipitation,

intracellular flow cytometry3,

immunofluorescence microscopy⁹, and

Western blotting¹⁰.



HeLa cells were fixed with 1% paraformaldehyde (PFA) for 10 minutes, permeabilized with 0.5% Triton X-100 for 10 minutes, and blocked with 5% FBS for 30 minutes. Then the cells were intracellularly stained with 5 microg/ml of purified anti-human/mouse/r

Application References:

- 1. Ogata K, et al. 1985. J. Immunol. 135:2623.
- 2. Garcia R, et al. 1989. Am. J. Pathol. 134:733.
- 3. Landberg G, et al. 1990. Exp. Cell. Res. 187:111.
- 4. Waseem N, et al. 1990. J. Cell Sci. 96:121.
- 5. Yu C, et al. 1991. Histopathology 19:29.

- 6. Wilkins B, et al. 1992. J. Pathol. 166:45.
- 7. Yang W, et al. 1996. Human Pathol. 27:70.
- 8. Galkowska H, et al. 1996. Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol. 53:329.
- 9. Chou HYE, et al. 2006. J. Biol. Chem. 10:1074.
- 10. Fulvio MD, et al. 2006. Oncogene 25:3932.
- 11. Eswarakumar VP and Schlessinger J. 2007. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 104:3937.
- 12. Henkels KM, et al. 2009. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 389:224. PubMed
- 13. Brobeli A, et al. 2010. Blood Cells Mol Dis. 45:159. PubMed
- 14. Wallace HA, et al. 2014. Development. 141:1332. PubMed
- 15. Mizokami A, et al. 2014. Bone. 69:68. PubMed

Description: The PC10 monoclonal antibody reacts with proliferating cell nuclear antigen also

known as PCNA or the DNA polymerase δ auxiliary protein. PCNA is a 36 kD trimeric ring that acts as a DNA-polymerase sliding clamp expressed in the nucleus of all proliferating cells. A prime function of PCNA appears to be increasing DNA polymerase δ processibility during elongation of the leading strand. PCNA is a useful marker for DNA synthesis and is highly conserved among most species, thus highlighting the very broad reactivity of this antibody.

Antigen References:

- 1. Travali S, et al. 1989. J. Biol. Chem. 264:7466.
- 2. Waseem N, et al. 1990. J. Cell Sci. 96:121.
- 3. Hall P, et al. 1990. J. Pathol. 162:285.
- 4. Landberg G, et al. 1991.