## **Brilliant Violet 605™ anti-human HLA-DR**

Catalog # / Size: 2138195 / 25 tests

2138200 / 100 tests

Clone: L243

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG2a, κ

Reactivity: Human

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 605<sup>™</sup> under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 605<sup>™</sup> and

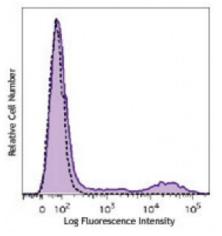
unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA

(origin USA).

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with HLA-DR (clone L243) Brilliant Violet 605™ (filled histogram) or mouse lgG2a, κ Brilliant Violet 605™ isotype control (open histogram).

# **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 605™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 603 nm. The bandpass filter 610/20 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel. Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 605™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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Application Notes:

The L243 monoclonal antibody reacts with the HLA-DR antigen, a member of MHC class II molecules. It does not cross react with HLA-DP and HLA-DQ. Clone L243 binds a conformational epitope on HLA-DR $\alpha$  which depends on the correct folding of the  $\alpha\beta$  heterodimer. <sup>19</sup>

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation<sup>8</sup>, Western blotting<sup>8</sup>, *in vitro* blocking of mixed lymphocyte reactions<sup>9,10</sup>, depeletion of MHC class II cells<sup>7</sup>, and immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections<sup>4,5</sup>. The LEAF<sup>TM</sup> purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ $\mu$ g, Azide-Free, 0.2  $\mu$ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat.

No. 307612). For highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF™ purified antibody (Cat. No. 307648) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF™ purified antibodies (Endotoxin < 0.01 EU/microg).

### **Application** References:

- 1. Brodsky F. 1984. Immunogenetics 19:179.
- 2. Robbins P, et al. 1987. Human Immunol. 18:301.
- 3. Stites D, et al. 1986. Clin. Immunol. Immunopathol. 38:161.
- 4. Warnke R, et al. 1980. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 28:771. (IHC)
- 5. Engleman E, et al. 1981. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:1791. (IHC)
- 6. Zipf T, et al. 1981. Cancer Res. 41:4786.
- 7. Goodier M, et al. 2000. J. Immunol. 165:139. (Depletion)
- 8. Esser M, et al. 2001. J. Virol. 75:6173. (IP, WB)
- 9. Kalka-Moll WM, et al. 2002. J. Immunol. 169:6149. (Block)
- 10. Wang RF, et al. 1999. Science 284:1351. (Block)
- 11. Zaba LC, et al. 2007. J. Exp. Med. 204:3183. PubMed
- 12. Fujita H, et al. 2009. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 106:21795. PubMed 13. Charles N, et al. 2010. Nat. Med. 16:701. (FC) PubMed
- 14. Goncalves RM, et al. 2010. Infect. Immun. 78:4763. PubMed
- 15. Yoshino N, et al. 2000. Exp. Anim. (Tokyo) 49:97. (FC)
- 16. Kim WK, et al. 2006. Am. J. Pathol. 168:822. (FC)
- 17. Stein R, et al. 2011. Leuk. Lymphoma 52:273.
- 18. Galkowska H, et al. 1996. Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol. 53:329.
- 19. Moro M, et al. 2005. BMC Immunol. 6:24.
- 20. Lauterbach N, et al. 2014. Mol Immunol. 59:19. PubMed

### **Description:**

HLA-DR is a heterodimeric cell surface glycoprotein comprised of a 36 kD  $\alpha$ (heavy) chain and a 27 kD  $\beta$  (light) chain. It is expressed on B cells, activated T cells, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, and other non-professional APCs. In conjunction with the CD3/TCR complex and CD4 molecules, HLA-DR is critical for efficient peptide presentation to CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells.

### **Antigen** References:

- 1. Levacher M, et al. 1990. Clin. Exp. Immunol. 81:177.
- 2. Terstappen L, et al. 1990. J. Leukocyte Biol. 48:138.
- 3. Edwards JA, et al. 1986. J. Immunol. 137:490.
- 4. van Es A. e