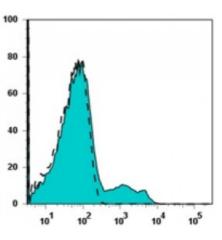
## **Product Data Sheet**

## Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 700 anti-human HLA-DR

Catalog # / Size:	2138130 / 100 μg 2138125 / 25 μg
Clone:	L243
Isotype:	Mouse IgG2a, κ
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 700 under optimal conditions.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Concentration:	0.5



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with L243 Alexa Fluor® 700

## **Applications:**

Applications: Flo	ow Cytometry
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**Recommended** Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. The suggested use of this reagent is ≤2.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is highly recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* Alexa Fluor® 700 has a maximum emission of 719 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm. Prior to using Alexa Fluor® 700 conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

ApplicationThe L243 monoclonal antibody reacts with the HLA-DR antigen, a member of MHC<br/>class II molecules. It does not cross react with HLA-DP and HLA-DQ. Clone L243<br/>binds a conformational epitope on HLA-DR $\alpha$  which depends on the correct folding<br/>of the  $\alpha\beta$  heterodimer.<sup>19</sup>

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation<sup>8</sup>, Western blotting<sup>8</sup>, *in vitro* blocking of mixed lymphocyte reactions<sup>9,10</sup>, depeletion of MHC class II cells<sup>7</sup>, and immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections<sup>4,5</sup>. The LEAF<sup>m</sup> purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 307612). For highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF<sup>m</sup> purified antibody (Cat. No. 307648) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF<sup>m</sup> purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/microg).

Application	1. Brodsky F. 1984. <i>Immunogenetics</i> 19:179.
<b>References:</b>	2. Robbins P, <i>et al.</i> 1987. <i>Human Immunol.</i> 18:301.
	3. Stites D, et al. 1986. Clin. Immunol. Immunopathol. 38:161.
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	5. Engleman E, <i>et al.</i> 1981. <i>P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i> 78:1791. (IHC)
	6. Zipf T, <i>et al.</i> 1981. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 41:4786.
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	9. Kalka-Moll WM, <i>et al.</i> 2002. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 169:6149. (Block)

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	20. Lauterbach N, <i>et al.</i> 2014. <i>Mol Immunol.</i> 59:19. <u>PubMed</u>
Description:	HLA-DR is a heterodimeric cell surface glycoprotein comprised of a 36 kD $\alpha$ (heavy) chain and a 27 kD $\beta$ (light) chain. It is expressed on B cells, activated T cells, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, and other non-professional APCs.

In conjunction with the CD3/TCR complex and CD4 molecules, HLA-DR is critical for efficient peptide presentation to CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells.
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 Terstappen L, *et al.* 1990. *J. Leukocyte Biol.* 48:138.

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