## **Product Data Sheet**

## **APC anti-human CD147**

Catalog # / 2131070 / 100 tests

**Size:** 2131065 / 25 tests

Clone: HIM6

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ **Immunogen:** Human PBMCs

Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate, Other

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with APC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC

and unconjugated antibody.

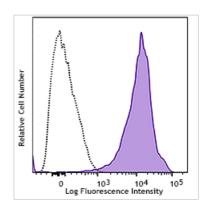
**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: VI N-L109

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD147 (clone HIM6) APC (filled histogram) or Mouse IgG1, κ APC isotype control (open histogram).

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5  $\mu l$  per million cells or 5  $\mu l$  per 100  $\mu l$  of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

**Application** 

Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

inhibition of T cell activation  $^2$ , immunohistochemical staining  $^{1,3}$  of frozen tissue sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections, and

Western blotting<sup>1</sup>.

Application References:

Biswas C, et al. 1995. Cancer Res. 55:434.
Fadool J, et al. 1993. Dev. Dyn. 196:252.

3. Felzmann T, et al. 1991. J. Clin. Immunol. 11:205.

**Description:** CD147, also known as neurothelin or basigin, is a member of the Ig

superfamily. It is a 55-65 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein which is primarily expressed on leukocytes, erythrocytes, platelets, and endothelial

cells. CD147 is reported to have a function during embryonal brain development and/or play a role in integrin-mediated adhesion in brain

endothelia.

Antigen References:

1. Biswas C, et al. 1995. Cancer Res. 55:434.

2. Fadool J, et al. 1993. Dev. Dyn. 196:252.

3. Felzmann T, et al. 1991. J. Clin. Immunol. 11:205.