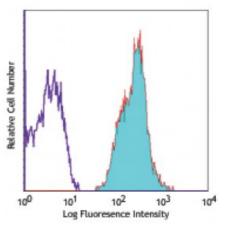
Product Data Sheet

Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-human CD147

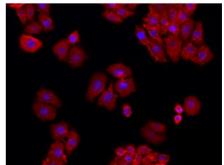
Catalog # / Size:	2131050 / 100 tests 2131045 / 25 tests
Clone:	HIM6
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1, к
Immunogen:	Human PBMCs
Reactivity:	Human
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal conditions.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).
Workshop Number:	VI N-L109
Concentration:	Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with HIM6 Alexa Fluor® 647

Applications:

Applications:	Flow Cytometry
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. For immunofluorescence microscopy, a concentration range of 5-10 µg per ml is recommended. For immunohistochemical staining on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections, the suggested use of this reagent is 5.0 - 10 microg per ml. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
	* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633nm / 635nm.
Application Notes:	Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: inhibition of T cell activation2, immunohistochemical staining ^{1,3} of frozen tissue sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections, and Western blotting1. The LEAF [™] Purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 306206).



HeLa cells were fixed with 1% paraformaldehyde (PFA) and then stained with 10 microg/ml of antihuman CD147 (clone HIM6) Alexa Fluor® 647 (red) for 3 hours at room temperature. Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue). The image was captured by 2

Application References:	 Menashi S, <i>et al.</i> 2003. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 63:7575. (WB, IHC) Woodhead VE, <i>et al.</i> 2000. <i>Int. Immunol.</i> 12:1051. (Block) Reimers N, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>Clin. Cancer Res.</i> 10:3422. (IHC) Porat-Shliom N, <i>et al.</i> 2013. <i>PLoS One.</i> 25:81897. <u>PubMed</u>
Description:	CD147, also known as neurothelin or basigin, is a member of the Ig superfamily. It is a 55-65 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein which is primarily expressed on leukocytes, erythrocytes, platelets, and endothelial cells. CD147 is reported to have a function during embryonal brain development and/or play a role in integrin-mediated adhesion in brain endothelia.
Antigen References:	1. Biswas C, <i>et al.</i> 1995. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 55:434. 2. Fadool J, <i>et al.</i> 1993. <i>Dev. Dyn.</i> 196:252. 3. Felzmann T, <i>et al.</i> 1991. <i>J. Clin. Immunol.</i> 11:205.