Product Data Sheet

Alexa Fluor® 700 anti-human CD95 (Fas)

Catalog # / 2128235 / 25 tests

Size: 2128240 / 100 tests

Clone: DX2

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: CD95 transfected L cells

Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate, Other

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 700 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Alexa Fluor® 700.

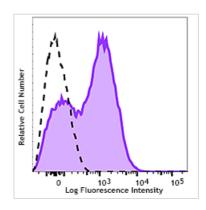
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: VI C-64

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD95 (Fas, clone DX2) Alexa Fluor® 700 (filled histogram) or Mouse IgG1, κ Alexa Fluor® 700 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 µl per million cells or 5 µl per 100 µl of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 700 has a maximum emission of 719 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm. Prior to using Alexa Fluor® 700 conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

Application Notes:

The DX2 antibody is useful for inducing apoptosis of Fas-positive cells. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: in vitro induction of apoptosis³ (DX2 antibody is required to be cross-linked for effective induction of apoptosis) and immunohistochemical staining^{4,5} of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections.

Application References:

1. Krammer P, et al. 1994. Immunol. Rev. 142:175.

2. Nagata S, et al. 1995. Science 267:1449.

Description:

CD95 is a 45 kD single chain type I glycoprotein also known as Fas, APO-1, and TNFRSF6. It is a member of the TNF receptor superfamily. CD95 is expressed on T and B lymphocytes, monocytes, neutrophils, and fibroblasts. CD95 expression is upregulated by activation. The extracellular region of CD95 binds to CD178 (Fas ligand). CD178 binding to CD95 induces apoptosis and has been shown to play a role in the maintenance of

peripheral tolerance.

2. Nagata S, et al. 1995. Science 267:1449. References:

1. Krammer P, et al. 1994. Immunol. Rev. 142:175.

Antigen