Product Data Sheet

APC/Cy7 anti-human CD64

Catalog # / Size: 2125125 / 25 tests

2125130 / 100 tests

Clone: 10.1

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Human rheumatoid synovial fluid cells

and fibronectin-purified monocytes.

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with APC/Cy7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC/Cy7

and unconjugated antibody.

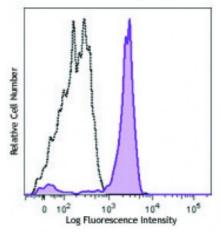
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: VI MA36

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood monocytes stained with anti-human CD64 (clone 10.1) APC/Cy7 (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ APC/Cy7 isotype control (open

histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for

each application.

Application

Notes:

Clone 10.1 recognizes the EC3 epitope of CD64. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: blocking of human IgG3 and murine IgG2a binding to $Fc\gamma RI^{2,5,6,11}$ and immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen

tissue sections¹².

Application References:

1. McMichael A, *et al.* Eds. 1987. Leucocyte Typing III. Oxford University Press. New York.

2. Schlossman S, et al. Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press. New York. p. 874.

3. Kishimoto T, *et al.* Eds. 1997. Leucocyte Typing VI. Garland Publishing Inc. London

4. Holl V, et al. 2004. J. Immunol. 173:6274.

5. Hober D, et al. 2002. J. Gen. Virol. 83:2169.

6. Cho HJ, et al. 2007. Physiol Genomics 149:60.

7. van Tits L, et al. 2005. Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol. 25:717. PubMed

8. Bruhns P, et al. 2008. Blood 113:3716. PubMed

9. Yoshino N, et al. 2000. Exp. Anim. (Tokyo) 49:97. (FC)

10. Carter DL, et al. 1999. Cytometry 37:41. (FC)

11. Dougherty GJ, et al. 1987. Eur. J. Immunol. 17:1453.

12. Blom AB, et al. 2003. Arthritis Rheum. 48(4):1002-14. (IHC)

Description: CD64 is a 72 kD single chain type I glycoprotein also known as FcγRI and FcR I.

CD64 is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and is expressed on monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, and activated granulocytes. The expression can be upregulated by IFN- γ stimulation. CD64 binds IgG immune complex. It plays a role in antigen capture, phagocytosis of IgG/antigen complexes, and antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC).

Antigen

1. Hulett M, et al. 1994. Adv. Immunol. 57:1.

References: 2. van de Winkel J, et al. 1993. Immunol. Today 14:215.