PE/Cy5 anti-human CD62P (P-Selectin)

Catalog # / Size: 2124540 / 100 tests

Clone: AK4

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with PE/Cy5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Cy5

and unconjugated antibody.

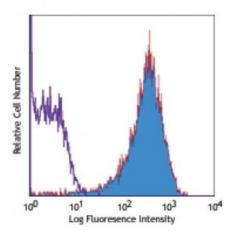
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: VI P-44

Concentration: NULL



Thrombin-activated human peripheral blood platelets stained with AK4 PE/Cv5

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. **Test size products are transitioning from 20 microL to 5 microL per test**. Please check your vial or your CoA to find the suggested use of this reagent per million cells in 100 microL staining volume or per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application

Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections4 and *in vitro* blocking of adhesion of platelets1. The LEAF^m purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ μ g, Azide-Free, 0.2 μ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays

(Cat. No. 304911).

Application References:

1. Skinner M, et al. 1991. J. Biol. Chem. 266:5371. (Block)

2. Kishimoto T, et al. Eds. 1997. Leucocyte Typing VI. Garland Publishing Inc.

London.

3. Yen YT, et al. 2006. J. Virol. 80:2684.

4. Sato Y, et al. 2005. Blood 106:428. (IHC)

Description:

CD62P is a 140 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein also known as P-selectin, platelet activation-dependent granule membrane protein (PADGEM), and GMP-140. It is expressed on activated platelets, megakaryocytes, and endothelial cells. CD62P is primarily stored in secretory α -granules in platelets and Weibel-Palade bodies in endothelial cells, and is rapidly relocated to the plasma membrane upon activation. The ligands for CD62P are CD162 and CD24. A primary function of CD62P is cell adhesion during neutrophil rolling, and platelet-neutrophil and platelet-monocyte interactions.

Antigen References:

McEver R, et al. 1995. J. Biol. Chem. 270:11025.
Varki A. 1994. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:7390.