Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-human CD62L

Catalog # / Size: 2124090 / 100 tests

Clone: DREG-56 **Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal

conditions.

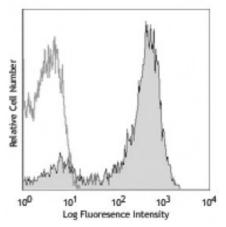
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: V S056

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood

lymphocytes stained with DREG56

Alexa Fluor® 647

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633nm / 635nm.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western blotting^{2,3,9} and *in vitro* blocking of lymphocytes binding to high endothelial venules (HEV)2. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 304812).

Application References:

1. Schlossman S, *et al.* Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press. New York.

2. Kishimoto TK, et al. 1990. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:2244. (WB, Block)

3. Jutila M, et al. 2002. J. Immunol. 169:1768. (WB)

4. Tamassia N, et al. 2008. J. Immunol. 181:6563. (FC) PubMed

5. Kmieciak M, et al. 2009. J. Transl. Med. 7:89. (FC) PubMed

6. Thakral D, et al. 2008. J. Immunol. 180:7431. (FC) PubMed

7. Charles N, et al. 2010. Nat. Med. 16:701. (FC) PubMed

8. Yoshino N, *et al.* 2000. *Exp. Anim. (Tokyo)* 49:97. (FC)

9. Koenig JM, et al. 1996. Pediatr. Res. 39:616. (WB)

10. Shi C, et al. 2011. J. Immunol. 187:5293. (FC) PubMed

11. Burges M, *et al.* 2013. *Clin Cancer Res.* 19:5675. <u>PubMed</u>

12. Cash JL, et al. 2013. EMBO Rep. 14:999. (FC) PubMed

Description: CD62L is a 74-95 kD single chain type I glycoprotein referred to as L-selectin or

LECAM-1. It is expressed on most peripheral blood B cells, subsets of T and NK cells, monocytes, granulocytes, and certain hematopoietic malignant cells. CD62L binds to carbohydrates present on certain glycoforms of CD34, glycam-1, and MAdCAM-1 and with a low affinity to anionic oligosaccharide sequences related to

sialylated Lewis X (sLex, CD15s) through its C-type lectin domain. CD62L is important for the homing of naïve lymphocytes to high endothelial venules in peripheral lymph nodes and Peyer's patches. It also plays a role in leukocyte rolling on activated endothelial cells.

Antigen

1. Kishimoto T, et al. 1990. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:2244.

References: 2. Kishimoto T, et al. 1991. Blood 78:805.